BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY JOHN H. LYNDE. BANGOR, ME., FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 7, 1873. VOLUME XL—NUMBER 57.

BANGOR

Daily Whig & Courier,

PUBLISHED MORNINGS

... East End Kenduskeag Bridge

$... per Year,
4 00 for Six Months
2 00 for Three Months
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

The Bangor Weekly Courier,

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY,

... Daily Whig and Courier ... per Year invariably in advance

AGENCIES

... & Co 10 State St, Boston, ... New York are each authorized Agents ... ments and Subscriptions for ...

... Agent No 5, Tremont Street,

... & Co Agents 41 Park Row,

... Agent Boston

... cases be paid in advance ... the time ... All papers discontinued ... expires.

Business Cards.

Bangor Machine Depot.

... and Iron Work ... in great variety ... Exhaust ... for use by the gallon ...

... W. PRATT.

... Block Exchange Street.

PATRONIZE

The New Clothing House,

... Block Main Street

CLOTHING AND FURNISHING GOODS,

... BOYCE & CO

Special Notice

... Brick Wood or ... Box 385

... LOW

Engines and Boilers for Sale

... at a very low price ...

Hardick's Patent

CELEBRATED

NIAGRA STEAM PUMP.

... Agents

TO BUILDERS,

... Intending to Build

... SLATE ... SUPERIOR ... for sale in this ... be prompt ...

C. B. ABBOT,
Upper Steamboat Wharf

WM M ROBINSON
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
And Solicitor in Bankruptcy,
BOULTON MAINE

JAMES H BURGESS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WINN MAINE.

Notice.

... has been appointed by the European & North American Railway Company ... AGENT for the purpose of gathering ... THE LANDS OF MAINE ... encouraging immigration ... at the office ... on Washington ...
JAMES A. PURINTON.

Frank S. Jennison & Co.,

39 Broad St., Old Stand, 39

... authorized persons to sign in liquidation of the Firm of JENNISON & PIERCE. They ... pay all firm debts

FRANK S JENNISON & CO
Bangor Nov 20 1871 dec2

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that my wife Mary Sullivan ... has left my bed and board ... I will pay no debts of her contracting after this date
MICHAEL SULLIVAN
Oldtown Feb 1 1873 3t*

Piano-Forte Tuning.

Pianos, Organs and Melodeons REPAIRED and TUNED by S F COBB Orders left at his Music Store No 5 Gothic Block Main Street.

F S & J. B HUCKINS
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
HARD PINE TIMBER,
PLANK & BOARDS,
OAK TIMBER & PLANK,
Oak and Locust Treenails,
Wharf and Dock Border St., East Boston.
Boston Office, 44 Central St.
August 12 1872. 1y

Partnership Notice.

SNOW & MAYO have formed a copartnership under the firm ... DRY GOODS BUSINESS, at No. 1 Main Street, Bangor
EDWARD G SNOW
HENRY A. MAYO
Bangor Oct 8, 1872

Creditors' Meeting.

Notice is hereby given that the second general meeting of creditors of the estate of CHAS. J. HOWE & COMPANY, of ... Bankrupts will be held at the Bankrupt Court Room, ... 1873 at 10 o'clock A. M., ... 27th section of the Bankrupt Act ... creditors may prove ... amount of dividend.
CHAS. F. WOODARD, W D LEWIS, Assignees.
feb4 eTu&w3wit

GROCERIES

Wholesale and Retail.

At the Store, formerly occupied by
MUTUAL STORE CO.
Central St.,
May be found a full assortment of
GROCERIES,
FANCY AND OTHERWISE.

The former Proprietor J. C. MITCHELL, Esq will give his constant attention to the wants of customers and trusts a continuance of his former large patronage.

Geo. C. Pickering.
Bangor Dec 25 1872 tf

FILES——FILES.

NOW IS THE TIME to Sharpen up and get ready for business. I have on hand

1000 DOZEN FILES,

And am finishing off 150 Dozen per week, which I am selling at

The Lowest Prices,

and will warrant them equal to any imported, Call and see them.

OLD FILES RECUT, as usual.
JOB COLLETT,
EXCHANGE STREET.
Jan 7

DR. H. A. BARROW

may be confidentially consulted, as usual at his private office
18 MAIN STREET BANGOR,
from 9 till 1 and from three till 6 P M, and at
FRANKLIN HOUSE
from ... till 8 P M.

Those who are suffering from the effects of early indiscretion ... may be restored to health and strength by consulting an educated Physician, who has made these diseases a specialty

Dr Barrow's practice ... an extensive practice of many years has been eminently successful in curing Nervous Mental and Physical Debility, Exhaustion Inaptitude of Business or Application, Dimness of Sight Giddiness or Noises in the Head or Ears Painful Dreams Pimples on the Face or Body want of Nervous Force Timidity Bashfulness in Society Pains in the Back or Loins Impaired Memory Irritability Weakness of the entire System, Palpitation of the Heart, General Indecision, and numerous other symptoms leading to Premature Decay Impotence Sterility Premature Senility &c.

The Doctor particularly invites those patients whose cases have been neglected or pronounced incurable to place themselves with out delay under his care assuring them all that can be accomplished by science skill and the successful results of a long practice will be at their service.

He hardly states no case will be undertaken unless a permanent cure can be guaranteed

All letters containing the usual consultation fee of $5, and fully describing the case, will be immediately attended to

All letters and parcels for Dr Barrow to be directed to Franklin House, Bangor
oct22 tf

Hardware!

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

JAMES C BUZZELL

wishes to say to his friends and the public that he has opened a Hardware Store at

No 55 West Market Square,

where he intends to keep as fine a stock of

Hardware, Cutlery, Paints, Oils, &c.,

as can be found in this market
PLEASE CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELF
Remember the place
JAMES C BUZZELL
No. 55 West Market Square.
Bangor Jan 10 1872

Dissolution.

The copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled by J P FILES, who will continue the business as carpenter and builder at the old shop
J P FILES,
A. W ROYAL
feb19 1aw3w

To Carriage Painters

A large stock of
Masury's Fine Colors
IN JAPAN,
For sale at Manufacturers' Price,
BLOOD & ROWE.
131 Exchange St.
Nov2

NOTICE.

E. & S. F. LEIGHTON,

Will continue the Blacksmithing business in their commodious shop on Harlow street

The shop will be furnished with first class workmen, and we have engaged the services of the well known horse shoer, M J. KEILLY for a term of years. We shall endeavor to give entire satisfaction to all customers. jan13 tf

Musical Notice.

Mr. Eduardo De Anguera,
Piano Forte Tuner, Regulator and Repairer,

would call the attention of his regular customers, and Musical public generally to his terms the coming year, viz

For the year 1873 Grand pianos, by year, $12, Upright pianos, by year $12, Square pianos, by year, $8, Grand pianos, single tuning, $4; Upright pianos, single tuning, $4, Square pianos, single tuning, $2. Pianos tuned by the year payable in advance, or each time. Regulating and repairing charged extra. Orders left at Chas. Hale's and Post Office box 477.
EDUARDO DE ANGUERA.
dec18

DISSOLUTION.

The copartnership heretofore existing under the name of A. Gammons & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The affairs of the late firm will be settled by either member.
A. GAMMONS.
E. F. DERBY.
Bangor, Feb. 28, '73.

MUSIC.

A good assortment of ... Sheet Music ... No. 5, Gothic Block ...

Real Estate.

For Rent.

For a term of years Large two story warehouse with wharf adjoining Being southerly part Commercial Wharf Broad Street Possession given March 1st 1873
WM B HAYFORD.
Bangor Feb 19, 1873.

For Rent.

Second Tenement in Brick Block on Court street, lately repaired Possession given immediately Inquire of DR HAMLIN.
feb19 tf

Shores & Farm for Rent.

By direction of the Governor and Council I will sell at public auction, at my office in Oldtown, on the 10th day of March next, at two o'clock P M, a lease for five years from January 1, 1873, of the shore of Orson Island, commencing at the south line of the public farm on said island, thence northerly around said island to the Cook, so called Said Shore will be sold in three lots 1st, from the south line of the farm to a point opposite the Pea Cove lower boom. 2d from the point last named to the breakwater at the head of said island, 3d from the breakwater to the Cook The rents will be payable to the Treasurer of the State of Maine on the first day of May annually

Also, at same time and place a lease of the lot of land and buildings on the west side of Orson Island, known as the 'public farm,' for five years from the 5th day of May 1873 The rent will be payable to the Treasurer of the State of Maine on the first day of May annually
GEO P DILLINGHAM,
Agent Penobscot Indians
January 30 1873 3lt

Valuable TIMBER LANDS FOR SALE.

The following Valuable Lots of Timber Land situate in the County of Colchester, Nova Scotia viz Lot No 5 in 2nd Range of Lots of Isaac N Archibald's survey
7 in 3rd do do
1 4 5 6 7 8 in 4th range do do
3 4 5 6 7, in 5th range, do do
3 4 5 6 7, in 6th range, do do
3 4 5 6 7 in 7th range, do do
3 4 5 6 in 8th range do do
4 5, 8 in 9th range do do
4 5 6 10 11, 12 13 in 10th range of Lots of Isaac N Archibald's survey

The above described lots of Land are covered with Hard and Soft Wood Timber of superior quality The soil valuable for farming purposes and the situation, on the line of the Intercolonial Railroad. Good water facilities The property will be sold either as a whole or in lots to suit, and is well worth the attention of speculators

A plan of the property with full particulars can be obtained at the office of
ALFRED WINSOR & SON,
134 State Street,
jan3 2m BOSTON

Valuable REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

My Homestead is situated in the City of Bangor about one mile from the Postoffice It is bounded on the west by State Street, and on the east by the Penobscot River just below Treat's Falls—three hundred and ninety-six feet of shore—and three acres more or less The House is of stone and finished with all the modern improvements The House itself cost over Forty-five Thousand Dollars I will sell this whole property for Seventeen Thousand Dollars

2d My Farm at the head of Lime Street and on Stillwater Avenue, with Stable and two story House nearly new, known as the 'Jewell Place,' is an admirable Market Farm Streets may readily be put through this property, and the same cut up in Blocks and Lots and sold for building purposes. It cost me years ago Five Thousand dollars I will sell it for Three Thousand Five Hundred Dollars

3d Two large and beautiful lots on Salem Street, adjoining the old O'Donohue Place. I will sell for Five Hundred Dollars each
H. H. MACE
Bangor Jan 28 1873

For Rent.

A desirable tenement just put in thorough repair, convenient for a small family without children CHARLES KITTREDGE No 89 Harlow St
de3

Tenements to Rent.

Enquire at the Insurance Office formerly occupied by the late J W HATHAWAY, corner Central and Hammond Streets
H R SHERMAN, Adm'r,
April 3 1872

For Rent.

Store No 20 Main street now occupied by RINES & CO One of the best stores and most desirable stands in the city Possession given Nov 1st. Also two rooms over the store
THOMAS HERSEY,
Aug 30th tf Pickering Block

For Sale.

House and Lot, corner State and Salem streets in good repair For further particulars, inquire on the premises
B F. ADAMS.
Jan16

For Rent.

Store No 33 Broad Street and 13 Pickering Square Apply to I W. ALLEN Depot Block, Old City Point Block Exchange Street aug28

FOR SALE.

The Real Estate known as the James F Rich Place is offered for sale

This property consists of a dwelling house, ell and shed, four or five acres of tillage land a good orchard and a fine shore privilege It is beautifully situated in an excellent neighborhood, about one half mile from Winterport Village, on the Bangor road Apply to
ANDREW CUSHING, St John, N B, or
GEO. S SILSBY Winterport, Me.
sept25 3taw

Real Estate for Sale.

We offer at private sale the following Real Estate, belonging to the Estate of J C Rand, Bankrupt, having obtained authority from the District Court of the United States for the District of Maine, to sell the same at private or public sale free and clear from incumbrances,

1st House and Lot in Oldtown village, lately occupied by Rand and known as his Homestead Lot is large and pleasantly located, with two story House Ell and Stable on it all or nearly all finished and in good repair

2d. About 1025 acres of wild land in Milford, with Steam Mill and other buildings thereon Mill was built about two years ago, and was used for sawing staves, heading and long lumber

3d Lot No 15 in Bradley, same bought by Rand of Eldy & Plummer, containing about 610 acres

4th One-half undivided of Lots 9 and 10 third Range in Milford, Gordon's survey, excepting therefrom 50 acres reserved in deed Wm Howard to J H Bowler Amasa Gerrish owns the other half

5th. One-half undivided of about 20 acres of land in Milford east side of Otter Stream Amasa Gerrish owns the other half
JASPER HUTCHINGS, Bangor
JOHN A BLANCHARD, Oldtown,
jan6

Steam Saw Mill to Let.

The new Steam Saw Mill on the Stillwater branch of the Penobscot river, at Upper Stillwater, containing 1 Gang, 1 Muley Saw, 1 Clapboard, 1 Lath, and 2 Shingle Machines. It has all the fixtures and machinery to make the most convenient mill in the United States

This Mill has a large surplus of power, and is warranted for its capacity to cut more lumber than any other mill in operation, with same quality of logs

It will be leased with sufficient and convenient boomage grounds, for a term of years, on liberal terms on application to
HAMBLEN & LANCASTER.
Upper Stillwater, Jan 21, 1873 tf

TREES PLANTS FLOWERS

New kinds; best quality, home growth, low prices. Catalogues free.
W. C. STRONG,
Nonantum Hill Nursery,
Brighton, Mass.
feb21 d&w6w

NOYES & AMES.
DEALERS IN
Pure Drugs & Chemicals.
PATENT MEDICINES,
Fancy Goods, and Toilet Articles
41 BROAD, corner WATER STREET
BANGOR.

A skilful Prescription Clerk always in attendance.
may15 tf

... Music Paper.

FRENCH and American Stationery. For sale by CHAS. HIGHT.

JOB PRINTING.

THE BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER, OFFICE, Kenduskeag Bridge.

ALL KINDS OF PLAIN AND FANCY Job Printing EXECUTED WITH NEATNESS AND DISPATCH

We have all the Facilities FOR DOING Job Work, TO BE FOUND THIS SIDE OF BOSTON,

And shall endeavor at all times, to see that Work is promptly and faithfully done, and hope to receive sufficient additional patronage to remunerate us for the large outlay and expense incurred to promote the

Comfort of our Customers

And save them the trouble of climbing two or three flights of stairs, to procure a Job of Printing.

WE INTEND TO KEEP UP WITH THE MODERN IMPROVEMENTS AND *Give our Customers as Good Work as can be Secured.*

We have now in our Office, among other Material, a

Babcock Steam Power Press;
Babcock Steam Power Half-Medium Jobber
Babcock Quarter-Medium Jobber;
Babcock Eighth-Medium Jobber,
Gordon Franklin Card and Bill-Head Press
Ruggles Rotary Card and Bill-Head Press;
Large and Small Hand Presses
Ruggles Paper Cutter;
Ruggles Rotary Card Cutter, &c. &c.

And are constantly receiving

Additions of Type FROM Philadelphia, New York and Boston Foundries

We are Prepared to Execute in the Best Style,

MAMMOTH POSTERS, HAND BILLS, SHOP BILLS, PROGRAMMES, CIRCULARS, WAY BILLS, BILL HEADS

BILLS OF FARE, LABELS OF ALL KINDS, BANK CHECKS, BANK BOOKS, BLANK NOTES, BILLS OF LADING

INSURANCE BLANKS, TOWN BLANKS, SURVEYORS BILLS, WOOD BILLS, MILK BILLS, SCHOOL BILLS INVOICES, &c

WEDDING, VISITING, AND **BUSINESS CARDS** OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS AND QUALITIES,

As cheap as any other establishment in this vicinity

Persons wishing for work in our line are invited to call, as we can suit them, both as to Style and Price

PRINTING DONE WITH **Black, Blue, or Red Ink,** OR WITH TWO OR MORE COLORS

And particular attention paid to ... BRONZE WORK ...

KEEP YOUR FEET DRY.

LADIES' RUBBER BOOTS,
GENTS' RUBBER BOOTS,
BOYS' RUBBER BOOTS,
CHILDREN'S RUBBER BOOTS,
And OVERSHOES of every description

Many kinds to be found only at our stores, Call and see them

Corner of Main and Hammond Streets and 2 Kenduskeag Block.
D. P. & F. P. WOOD.
Orders from the country will receive prompt attention mar1

NOTICE.

You can buy ONE BOX, or ONE HUNDRED or ONE THOUSAND Boxes **LAYER RAISINS** Cheaper of me than of any other man in this city
Try it and find out.
GEO C PICKERING,
Nos 22 and 24 Central Street.
dec28 tf [Com copy]

FURS & GLOVES
Made and Repaired
in good style and at short notice at
THOS JERSEY & CO'S
Pickering Block Main St
jan31

BOSTON LEAD CO.
[INCORPORATED IN 1835]
J H CHADWICK & CO, Ag'ts
Office 22, 24 & 26 Oliver Street,
BOSTON
MANUFACTURERS OF
Boston Pure White Lead,
Dry and Ground in Oil,
DRY AND GROUND ZINC, LITHARGE, RED LEAD LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD TIN PIPE, TIN LINED PIPE, IRON PIPE & FITTINGS, PUMPS &c, &c.

Our Pure White Lead both dry and ground in oil, we warrant to be strictly pure, and GUARANTEE that for FINENESS BODY and DURABILITY, it is not surpassed by any Lead in the market either foreign or American.

In order to protect ourselves, we have adopted as our trade mark an eight pointed RED STAR, with our corporate seal in the centre This is on every package of our Pure Lead None genuine without it.
feb5 TuTh&S 6m

Special Notice.

All of the TANITE CO.'S goods are directly made by the Co, at their own Factory and under their own Patents and Processes

It is cheaper to buy *Standard* Goods directly from well known Manufacturers than to buy of Dealers or get low priced or poor goods The fullest information on all points connected with Emery Wheels and Emery Grinding Machinery will be furnished by this Company
feb19 deod&w3m

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS
R H EDDY
SOLICITOR OF PATENTS
For Inventions, Trade Marks or Designs
No. 76 State Street, opposite Kilby Street, Boston

After an extensive practice of upwards of thirty years, continues to secure patents in the United States, also in Great Britain, France and other foreign countries. Caveats, Specifications, Assignments, and all papers for Patents, executed on reasonable terms with dispatch. Researches made to determine the validity and utility of Patents of inventions, and legal and other advice rendered on all matters touching the same Copies of the claims of any patent furnished by remitting one dollar Assignments recorded in Washington

No Agency in the United States possesses superior facilities for obtaining Patents or ascertaining the patentability of inventions

All necessity of a journey to Washington to procure a Patent, and the usual great delay there are here saved inventors

TESTIMONIALS

I regard Mr Eddy as one of the most *capable and successful* practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse
CHARLES MASON Commissioner of Patents

I have no hesitation in assuring inventors that they can not employ a man *more competent and trustworthy,* and more capable of putting their applications in a form to secure for them an early and favorable consideration at the Patent Office.
EDMUND BURKE
Late Commissioner of Patents

Mr R H EDDY has made for me over THIRTY applications for Patents having been successful in almost every case. Such unmistakable proof of great talent and ability on his part, leads me to recommend ALL inventors to apply to him to procure their patents as they may be sure of having the most faithful attention bestowed on their cases and at very reasonable charges
JOHN TAGGART
Boston Jan 1 1873 ...

Bargains! Bargains!

BISHOP & BOURNE

Propose making a change in their business this Spring therefore will sell their large stock of

Boots, Shoes Hats and Caps

at a great discount from old prices
FOR CASH.

Any goods out of style or shop worn, very cheap. Mens and boys' thick boots and brogans at great bargains We would call especial attention to our stock of Hats Spring styles silk and felt hats very cheap and any hats and caps out of style at a great loss

Don't forget this chance for bargains as it is one which seldom occurs

Bishop & Bourne,
No 3 Main Street, Bangor
feb13 1wd&w

BANGOR February 26 1873

To the Mayor and Aldermen of Bangor

The undersigned are desirous of using a steam engine of about two horse power in their place of business, No. 11 Broad Street, the boiler to be an upright they desire to be set in the usual manner, and properly protected
BRAGG & WESCOTT

CITY OF BANGOR
In Board of Aldermen

ORDERED That Saturday, the 15th day of March next, at 7 o'clock P. M, and the Aldermen's Room in the City Hall be, and are hereby assigned as the time and place for the consideration of said petition, and said applicants are hereby directed to give notice thereof, by publishing a copy of their said petition, and also of this order, in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier six days, the first publication to be at least fourteen days before said time of meeting, that all persons interested in the premises may then and there be heard if they see cause
Passed Feb. 28, 1873.
JOHN H HAYES City Clerk

A true copy of petition and order of notice thereon,
Attest—JOHN H HAYES, City Clerk
mar1 6t

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Maine.

In the matter of G E FOLLETT & CO, Bankrupts
IN BANKRUPTCY.

At Bangor, the 3d day of February A. D 1873

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of the joint and individual estate of Jesse ... and George E Follett, of Bangor, in the County of Penobscot and State of Maine, within said District, partners under the style of G E Follett & company, who have been adjudged Bankrupts, upon their own petition by the District Court of said District, filed the 16th of December A D 1872
H L MITCHELL,
Assignee, Bangor, Me.
feb19 1w3&w1t

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Maine.

In the matter of ALBERT H WALKER, Bankrupt.
IN BANKRUPTCY.

DISTRICT OF MAINE, ss. At Bangor, the 27th day of February, A. D. 1873.

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of ALBERT H. WALKER of ..., in the County of Penobscot, and State of Maine, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District, filed 18th December ...
H. L. MITCHELL,
Bangor, Me.

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Maine.

In the matter of COLCORD, BERRY & CO., Bankrupts.
IN BANKRUPTCY.

DISTRICT OF MAINE, ss: ... [illegible]

Whig & Courier.

Daily Established 1834 - - - Weekly 1815.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING

For one square (one inch in space) one insertion,	$1 00
For one square, two insertions,	1 25
For one square, three times in the Daily	1 50
For one square, one week,	2 00
each week's continuance,	75
For half-square, one time,	75
For half square, three times,	1 00
For half-square, one week,	1 25
each week's continuance,	40
For one square, in Weekly, three times,	1 50
each week's continuance,	25

SPECIAL NOTICES
$2,50 per square for first week—$1,00 per square for continuance

DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS, inserted at the rate of "Special Notices."

Advertisements continued *three times a week* at two thirds price, *two times a week,* one half price, *one time a week,* one third price.

Advertisements, where the time of insertion is not specially designated will be continued until otherwise ordered

All Transient Advertising must be paid for in advance

Advertisements under the head of "Business Notices" 10 cents per line each insertion, for solid matter, and 15 cents per line for leaded

THE WORK OF CONGRESS

The following is a list of the Acts and Resolves of a general nature, passed at the third session of the Forty second Congress

Authorizing the issue of college scrip to the State of Arkansas

To fix the salary of the members of the board of health of the District of Columbia

To authorize the Secretary of the Navy to transport in Government vessels free of duty a monument designed by Admiral Porter to be erected in the grounds of the naval academy at Annapolis, in memory of the officers seamen and marines of the navy who fell in defence of the Union

To authorize the construction of bridges across the Ohio River and to prescribe the dimensions of the same

To provide for holding adjourned terms of the supreme court of Arizona

For the reduction of ... fees and expenses of the internal revenue

To quiet the title of certain lands in the State of Missouri

To authorize the construction of railroad bridges across the Mobile River and other navigable streams tributary to Mobile Bay

Making an appropriation to supply deficiencies in the appropriation for the service of the government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1873 and for other purposes

To provide for the expenses of the commission to inquire into the depredations on the frontier of Texas

Making appropriations for the payment of invalid and other pensions of the United States for the year ending June 30 1874

Repealing an act granting a pension to Samuel E Shaw

To enable John H Fox to make application to the commissioner of patents for the extension of letters patent for machine for making crackers

For the extension of time for the completion of the Winona and St Paul Railroad Company

Supplemental to an act entitled "An act to prescribe the mode of obtaining evidence in cases of contested elections"

To amend the one hundred and thirty third and one hundred and eighty third sections of an act approved June 8 1872 entitled "An act to revise, consolidate and amend the statutes relating to the Post-Office department"

To amend an act entitled "An act relating to members of Congress, heads of departments, and other officers of the government," approved June 11 1864

To prevent certain officers of the United States and Territories from practicing as attorneys and solicitors in the courts of the United States in certain cases

To fix the compensation of gaugers and measurers in the port of Boston

To incorporate the Loomis Aerial Telegraph Company

To authorize the employment of keepers of crews of surf boats of life saving stations on the coast of Cape Cod and Block Island and for other purposes

To authorize the examination of certain banks

To amend section 12 of an act entitled "An act to authorize the appointment of shipping commissioners" approved June 7 1872

To release to the State of Indiana the lands known as the bed of Beaver lake in Newton county in said State

To authorize the removal of restrictions upon the alienation of certain Miami Indian lands in Kansas

To amend an act entitled, "An act to incorporate a national military and naval asylum, for the relief of the totally disabled officers and men of the volunteer forces of the United States," approved March 21 1866, and for other purposes

To pay the county of Ontario in the State of New York the sum of $2500

To abolish the grades of admiral and vice admiral in the navy of the United States

To provide for the sale of part of the lighthouse reservation at Fort Gratiot, in the State of Michigan

To regulate the compensation of the members and officers of the legislative assemblies of the several Territories of the United States, and limiting the duration of the sessions of the said assemblies

To establish post routes in the State of Maine

To authorize the Secretary of War to contract for the construction of a light draft snag boat to ply on the Mississippi and Missouri and Arkansas rivers

Transferring the control of certain territorial penitentiaries to the several Territories in which the same are located

Joint resolution tendering the thanks of Congress to Captain Daniel Ritchie, commanding steamer Moccasin, and officers and men under his command

To provide for the payment of loyal citizens of London county, Virginia, therein named, for their property taken by the military authorities of the United States

To amend an act entitled "An act to amend the fifth section of an act donating public lands to the several States and Territories which may provide colleges for the benefit of agriculture and mechanic arts approved July 2, 1862 so as to extend the time within which the provisions of said act shall be accepted and such colleges established" approved July 1866

To fix the time for holding the annual session of the Supreme Court of the United States

To authorize the President to appoint Frederick F Upton of Bath, Maine, a master in the navy of the United States

To abolish the franking privilege and to provide for the transmission of official documents and other public matter

To aid in maintaining the fire department in the district of Columbia

To regulate the employment of engineer soldiers on extra duty

To quiet the title of certain lands in the State of Iowa

Making an appropriation to defray the expenses of the American and British claims commission

To authorize the construction of three steam sloops of war and for other purposes

To provide for the holding of an additional term of the circuit court of the United States for the Southern district of New York

Making an appropriation to defray the expenses of the investigations in regard to the elections in Kansas, Louisiana and Arkansas

To provide for the removal of the woolen building in Judiciary square

Revising and amending the laws relative to the mints, assay offices and coinage of the United States

To amend an act entitled, "An act to establish a uniform system of bankruptcy throughout the United States" approved March 2 1867

Authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to refund the differential duty on articles actually on shipboard on French ships bound for the United States on the 5th of November 1872

Joint resolution to enable the people of the United States to participate in the advantages of the international exposition to be held at Vienna in 1873.

Prohibiting gift enterprises in the District of Columbia

To confirm certain entries of lands therein named

To regulate the western boundary of Dakota Territory

Making appropriations for the current and contingent expenses of the Indian department and for fulfilling treaty stipulations with the various Indian tribes, for the year ending June 30 1874, and for other purposes

In relation to mineral lands

Creating an additional land district in the Territory of Arizona

To authorize the nomination and appointment to the retired list of the navy of certain volunteers on the active list of the navy, who are disabled in consequence of wounds received during the war

To remit the excise taxes on alcohol used by universities and colleges for scientific purposes

To provide for the sale of certain Indian lands in Kansas

To carry into effect the provisions of the treaty between the United States and Great Britain signed in the city of Washington the 8th day of May 1871, relating to the fisheries

Making appropriations for the support of the military academy for the year ending June 30, 1874

To abolish the office of surveyor of the port of Chester Pa, and for other purposes

To authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to dispose of the old post office building property at Chicago

To provide for the better protection of subsistence supplies

To sell the vacant soldiers burying ground near Cumberland, Maryland

To amend an act entitled "An act authorizing the Secretary of War to release twenty-five acres of land of the United States at Plattsburg, New York, to the New York and Canada Railroad Company"

To authorize the construction of a railroad and draw-bridge across the Genesee River, in Monroe county, New York

To amend an act entitled "An act to develop the mining resources of the United States"

To change the time of holding the spring terms of the United States circuit and district courts in Covington and Paducah, Ky

Relating to the circuit and district courts of the United States for the middle and northern district of Alabama

Authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to change the name of the steamer 'New England' to the "City of Portland"

To provide for the disposition of a portion of the military reservation at Fort Ripley

To transfer the control of certain powers and duties in relation to the Territories ... department of the Interior

To provide for the expenses of the ... alleged frauds in the recent ... elections in Kansas

... [illegible]

To amend an act making appropriation for the support of the army for the year ending June 30 1870

To make San Diego, California a port of entry

Providing for the completion of the military road from Santa Fe to Taos in the Territory of New Mexico

To create a port of delivery at Lacrosse

To amend an act entitled "An act governing the colored schools in the District of Columbia

Joint resolution authorizing the President to invite the International statistical congress to hold its next session in the United States

For the suppression of the trade in and circulation of obscene literature and articles of immoral use

To confirm jurisdiction in the court of claims to hear and determine the suit of Caron de ... the United States

To authorize the construction of a bridge across the Missouri River at or near the city of Lexington, Mo

Supplementary to an act entitled "Act to incorporate the Texas Pacific Railroad Company and to aid in the construction of its road and for other purposes" approved March 3 1871

Authorizing deputy collectors and other officers of customs to act as disbursing agents in custom cases

To provide for the purchase by the Secretary of War of lands of the United States in the State of Texas, for sites for forts and military posts

To regulate the taking of testimony in certain cases

To prevent cruelty to animals while in *transit* by railroad or other means of transportation within the United States

To enable the Secretary of War to pay expenses incurred in suppressing Indian hostilities in the Territory of Montana in 1867

Making appropriations for the Post Office department for the year ending June 30 1874

Authorizing the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi River at St Louis

Supplemental to an act entitled an act granting the right of way through public lands for the construction of a railroad from Great Salt Lake to Portland Oregon approved April 1, 1872

To amend an act entitled "Act granting a right of way to the Wallawalla and Columbia River Railroad company and for other purposes"

Creating the collection district of southern Oregon

To provide for the sale of the lands of the United States containing coal

Making appropriations for the legislative judicial and executive expenses of the government for the year ending June 30 1874

Making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the government for the year ending June 30 1874 and for other purposes

Making appropriations for the support of the army for the year ending June 30, 1874

Making appropriation for the naval service for the year ending June 30 1874

Making appropriations to supply deficiencies for the year ending June 30, 1873

Making appropriations for an improvement of certain rivers and harbors for the fiscal year ending June 30 1874

To amend an act entitled "An act to establish a department of justice and for other purposes"

Authorizing construction of public buildings at Evansville Ind, Covington, Ky., Grand Rapids, Mich, Nashville, Tenn, Parkersburg West Va and Memphis Tenn the capitol at Nebraska, marine hospital at San Francisco and for the repair furnishing and ornamentation of the custom house at Bath Me, together with a number of others in sundry civil appropriation bill

STATE NEWS

It will cost Bethel $500 to clear the roads from the snow of February 21st

The debt of the town of Buckfield is $2,000

The work on the court house at Skowhegan is going forward steadily

The Supreme Court set in Houlton the 25th ult.

The temperance interest in Machias continues

About 30,000 ... will be shipped in Bethel, this year

The Supreme Judicial Court for Somerset County, assembles March 18 Judge Walton will preside.

G. G Fuller of So Woodstock, had his foot badly cut while working in the woods recently.

The new bridge across the Kennebec at Norridgewock has been injured somewhat by the weight of snow on the roof

The painters are now at work on the interior of the new jail at Alfred, and it is thought the building will be ready for sheriff Warren by the first of May.

Chas V Crowell of Gardiner, foreman in a flour mill in Mass, caught his hand in the machinery, on Friday last, and it was badly injured

Pell Cason of Gardiner, on Wednesday was stepping on to a horse sled, when the horse started and tipped him out breaking his right leg

Fred Robinson, at work in Stanwood & Tower's, & Co's Paper Mill, at Gardiner, caught his hand in the rolls drawing it in up to the elbow, jamming his arm badly

A strong feeling exists among the citizens of Kittery in favor of making the bridge between that place and the city of Portsmouth a free one

The Chase heirs held a meeting at So Paris, Feb. 27th, to devise ways to secure that immense English property, waiting for American heirs.

Friend D Lang of Vassalboro is confined to the house by a troublesome affection of the chest, which is extremely annoying but, not, it is hoped, dangerous to life

In Stow, last Saturday, a son of Simeon Knox, aged about 17 years had his skull smashed by a falling tree so that his brains protruded He lived but a few hours

Eben Sawyer, esq, Superintendent of Burials in Augusta, has been confined to his house for two or three weeks, suffering from the effects of vaccination

Orra Hall, an old resident of South Paris, died of a paralytic shock, Sunday, and Mrs Susan Briggs, Friday, of heart disease

R E and A M Lyon of Skowhegan are making about nineteen hundred pounds of paper per day, and employ about twenty four hands

The Biddeford *Times* says "In one locality between here and Boston the snow covers up the telegraph wire! For miles and miles the snow is said to be even with the top of the cars"

Intelligence from the teams of the Kennebec Land and Lumber Company in the woods, states that good headway is being made, and a fair winter's work may be expected

The *Argus* thinks Portland is on the eve of a mighty revolution Two men assaulted their wives there Tuesday, and the women had the good sense and spirit to complain of them

Ground was broken Monday morning for the new Laconia mill at Biddeford The mill is to lap on No 3, running at right angles with it and extend toward Main street near the head of Dean's hill It is to be 274 feet long 70 feet wide and four stories in height

The Gardiner *Reporter* says the only excitement in that city last week was caused by the appearance of a farmer with a load of dry wood He escaped unhurt however with eight dollars for about four feet of the precious article Last fall hundreds of cords of edgings were burned to get rid of them

A man who served three years in a Massachusetts regiment, but went from Maine to join it and returned to this State after the war, complains in the Waterville Mail because our Legislature refused to give him $100 bounty when he was never assigned to the quota of Maine

Says the Lewiston *Gazette* "Upon the arrival of the train from Portland Monday an old lady affectionately greeted a stylish young lady as follows "Why, how'd 'd'y, Mariar! why how funny ye look! Didn't hardly know ye, got your false teeth in, ain't ye?" Maria changed the subject"

A correspondent of the Wiscasset *Oracle* says that "reform is needed in that town, too long has there been a stagnation of its energies let us now agitate the great subjects of the day—bridges, ducks, mills, gambling and whiskey The church and State must be purified, fermentation alone will accomplish it."

Cyrus H. King, esq, a prominent citizen of Oxford was found dead in his stable Monday evening. He went to feed his cattle and had only been absent about fifteen minutes, when a neighbor happened in, and found him lying on the floor with life entirely extinct.

The Journal says that a young man in Auburn recently took a luncheon at an ... saloon. One little item of his lunch was thirty-six boiled eggs. "He tosses 'em in as though his mouth was a rat hole," said a gentleman, looking on in amazement.

The snow storm of Monday night so obstructed travel that Judge Dickerson failed to reach ... court ... that the sheriff or clerk may adjourn court from day to day till the judge arrives. And accordingly the clerk adjourned till Wednesday morning at nine o'clock

Alfred Q Fisher, who says he belongs in Topsham, has been arrested in New Hampshire on the charge of swindling. He said he was once married in Pepperell, Mass, and that his wife had procured a divorce from him on account of the old folks" The *Traveler's* correspondent is informed that it was on account of his choking her. He has also had another woman he represented to be his wife, previous to his present wife

Mt Vernon has lost by death two of her best citizens, recently, Joseph Leighton, aged about 60 years, a life long resident of Mt Vernon, died on the 19th ult., after an illness of three days, caused by a surgical operation for hernia. On the 21th, Lyman Kimball, esq, died of disease contracted in the war for the Union Mr Kimball was in the prime of life, and respected by all who knew him

At the late term of court in Androscoggin county a case involving some fruit trees was on trial One of the attorneys in opening, remarked that he had noticed that fruit trees had always been giving the world a good deal of trouble, to which Judge Kent, scanning the legal tomes before him, replied that if his memory served him, the fruit trees which originally got us into trouble were not grafted!

Jane Thurston, an eccentric Portland woman who imagines that she is the owner of the State of Maine, served a notice on the Sergeant at Arms of the Senate to ... permit the inauguration of General Grant until her claim is recognized

THE NEW JAIL SYSTEM

The Legislature just adjourned enacted a very important law, reorganizing our jail system, which will take effect the last day of March The law empowers County Commissioners to erect workshops and provide all implements and conveniences necessary for the purpose of giving employment to prisoners sentenced to jails, and to raise by taxation upon each county a sum not exceeding $5,000 for carrying out the plan They are also authorized to enter into contracts for the carrying on of any manufacturing industry within the jail grounds Courts are hereafter required to sentence persons convicted to imprisonment and labor When any county shall have established a workshop, Courts may sentence persons convicted to any jails having such workshops, and the county from which the prisoner is sentenced shall pay the county to whose jail he is committed, such rate ... as may be agreed upon, after deducting the value of his labor

The present State Prison Inspectors, with a third member to be appointed by the Governor, are to be a board of prison and jail inspectors They are to visit the several jails once in three months, to classify prisoners and provide for their separation into classes according to age, character and offences—Each jailor is to furnish the prisoners religious instruction on the Sabbath, and instruction in reading, writing and arithmetic one hour each evening, except on Sunday He is also authorized to provide appropriate reading matter for them The keeper of each jail is required to keep a record of the conduct of each convict, and for every month it appears by such record that such convict has faithfully observed all the rules and requirements of the jail, such convict shall be entitled to from two to three days' deduction from his sentence Prisoners may be sentenced to jail instead of State Prison, where the term of sentence does not exceed three years—[Lewiston Journal

Miniature Almanac. Friday, March 7

BANGOR TIME

Sun Rises	6 16	Moon Sets	...
Sun Sets	5 49	High Water	...
Length of Days	11 33		

Marine Journal.

By Telegraph

BATH Arr ... [illegible]

Shipping Notes

... of Bangor, ... has been sold ... private terms

NOTICE TO MARINERS

SIGNAL AT ST JOHNS NEWFOUNDLAND

Information has been received that ... International Code of Signals for the use of all nations ... Signal Hall St Johns Newfoundland Notices to Mariners ... British ... No 1

MEMORANDA

Messrs ... ship ... Tremont ... Sch Grace Cushing, of Gardiner Capt Bailey has been chartered to load guano at Orient ... for City Point, at $... per ton ... Rappahannock River to load ... Bath at $2 per ton ... Sch Mary Farrow of Belfast, Capt Small which sailed ... Providence on Saturday is chartered to load timber at Sandy Point James River for Kennebunk Me at $6 50 ... the timber for seven vessels at Harrington is nearly ... and work will commence on the several ... season

DISASTERS

Sch Addie P Stimpson lost on ... Island ... Eastport and Campobello ... between Eastport and New York ... insurance ... Sch E E Stimpson which went ashore ... discharged and was got off ... the Lighthouse ... proceed to Portland ... Baltimore ... Bermuda ...

DOMESTIC PORTS

PORTLAND ... NEW YORK ... Boston ... Matanzas ... Boston ... CHARLESTON ... NEW YORK ... PROVIDENCE ... Boston ... NEW YORK ... PHILADELPHIA ... Wilmington ... BALTIMORE ... CHARLESTON ... JACKSONVILLE ... PENSACOLA ... GALVESTON ... Boston

FOREIGN PORTS.

Sld from Manila Dec 31st ship Flying Eagle ... New York

Ar at Calcutta Jan 17th Lydia Scofield ...

At do Jan 24th ship Olive S Southard Walker for Falmouth barque Goodell ... for Amsterdam ...

Ar at Malta 3d inst barque Rounding Billow Reynolds New York

Cld at Genoa 11th ult barque St Cloud Braston for United States

Cruising behind Gibraltar Rock 11th brig J B Lane ... from Messina for United States

At Callao 12th ult ships Joseph Fish Stackpole for Puget Sound Andrew Johnson, O Brien and Louis Walsh White wig

Cld at Guanape Jan 29 ships Jen Shepley Patten Cal ... barque J G Pendleton Gilmore do 4th ship ... and Fish, Brown do

At do 4th ult ships Harry Morse ... Henry S Sanford Humphrey barque Martha Cobb Healey and Corsica Havener ldg

At Macabi 2d ult ships Nancy Pendleton Pendleton ... Whitmore, and Eddystone Clark ldg

At Valparaiso 1st ult, barque R P Buck, Curtis Liverpool

Ar at Buenos Ayres Jan 30th barques American Eagle ... Park New York, Samuel E Spring, ... from Portland

Sld Jan 16th, brig Walter Smith, Smith, Montevideo and New York.

Ar at Montevideo Jan 18th barque ... Chase Portland, and proceeded for Buenos Ayres.

... At Montevideo ... Wright ... from Buenos Ayres ...

... barque Henry Knight, Gil...

... barque ... Crockett, New ...

Whig & Courier.

JOHN H. LYNDE, PROPRIETOR.

FRIDAY, MARCH 7, 1873.

Republican Caucuses.

The Republican Voters of the City of Bangor are requested to meet in caucus at City Hall, on THURSDAY EVENING, March 6th, 1873, at 7½ o'clock P. M., to nominate a candidate for Mayor. Also, on FRIDAY EVENING, March 7th, 1873, at 7½ o'clock P. M., at the usual places of ward meetings in the several wards to nominate candidates for Aldermen, Councilmen and Ward Officers, to be supported at the next municipal election, and to transact any other business that may properly come before said meetings.

Per order of the Republican City Committee.
HERMON BARTLETT, Chairman.
February 27th, 1873.

THE REPUBLICAN NOMINATION

The great gathering of Republicans at City Hall last evening, furnished the most practical evidence that there is no intention to surrender the control of our municipal affairs into the hands of an incongruous combination, having no political responsibility and engineered by a clique which has constantly been held in political disgrace. It was most gratifying to see the Republicans rallying in such force to assert their authority as the majority of this community. The challenge thrown out by much trumpeted "Reform" caucus, which was boasted as "altogether the largest caucus that has been held in Bangor for several years," was promptly accepted and with a most decisive result, the regular Republican ballot for Mayor last night exceeding by more than one third the number crammed in by the indiscriminate crowd of the night previous. It was a grand caucus, and it augurs well for the future welfare of our city that our voters are so mindful of their public duties.

The general discussion of candidates which had been going on among the people for some time prior to the caucus, narrowed the choice to two gentlemen, Moses Giddings, Esq., and Sewell Blake, Esq., both possessing high recommendations for the office. The voting for these gentlemen was conducted with the greatest harmony and good feeling, and resulted in the nomination of Mr. Giddings on the first ballot by a decisive majority. The friends of both promptly and cheerfully acquiesced in the choice and ratified it by enthusiastic cheers of greeting to Mr. Giddings on his appearance upon the platform.

The modest, dignified and practical words with which he accepted this expression of the confidence of his fellow citizens bespeak the character of our candidate for Mayor. A native of Bangor, fully acquainted with our public needs and familiar by long and efficient service with the details of our public administration, he will bring to the office experience and ability of a high order while the Chief Magistracy will lose none of its dignity by his elevation to its powers and responsibilities. His reputation is a guarantee of the faithful discharge of whatever trust is reposed in his keeping, and his devotion to the city which has been the home of his lifetime is beyond a doubt. At his hands the community need fear no countenancing of reckless measures and no bigoted or arbitrary exercise of power. Accepting the position simply as one of trust and honor, it will be his object to promote the best interests of all classes of the people.

As we are about to lose the services of one excellent Mayor whom the Republicans have given to Bangor, we are glad to announce the nomination of a gentleman who, we have every reason to believe, will prove a worthy successor. Now, let us nominate our best men in the several Wards, and then go to the polls on Monday and elect them by a handsome majority.

THE VOTE ON THE GRAB

Considerable interest is felt among the people as to the distribution and complexion of the vote on the Congressional salary grab, and we present the yeas and nays of both Houses, classified politically. It will be remembered that the measure voted for included a provision giving each member of Congress a bonus of $2,500 per year over and above his regular salary and allowances already received. This places about $1,500,000 in the pockets of the departing members to take home as souvenirs of the liberality of the Forty-second Congress in its dealings with itself. There would be little complaint of the actual future increase of salaries were it not saddled with the compliment bill for the votes to carry it through. It will be seen that the present Congress has paid itself more than is provided ... its successor, as its members receive ... mileage and other extras, ... actual traveling expenses ... are to be paid, so that the emoluments of the Forty-third Congress will be actually decreased compared with those of its predecessor. Here is the vote in detail, the Democrats and Liberals being designated by italics:

SENATE—YEAS.—Messrs. Alcorn, Ames, ... Brownlow, Caldwell, Cameron, Carpenter, Clayton, *Cooper*, *Davis*, Flanagan, ... Hamilton, of Texas, ... Hitchcock, Lewis, Logan, *Machen*, Morrill of Maine, ... Nye, Osborne, Poole, ... Rice, Robertson, Sawyer, Spencer, Stewart, ... *Trumbull*, ... and West,—36.

NAYS.—Messrs. Anthony, Boreman, Buckingham, *Casserly*, Chandler, Conkling, Corbett, Cragin, Edmunds, Ferry of Michigan, Frelinghuysen, *Hamilton* of Maryland, Hamlin, Howe, Kelley, Morrill of Vermont, Patterson, Pratt, Ramsey, *Saulsbury*, *Schurz*, Scott, Sherman, Sprague, *Thurman*, Windom and Wright—27.

HOUSE—YEAS—Messrs. *Adams*, Averill, *Banks*, Bigby, Bingham, Blair (Mo.), Boarman, Buckley, Burdett, Butler, Mass., Butler, Tenn., Carroll, ... Cobb, Coghlan, *Conner*, *Critcher*, ... Darrall, Dickey, *Du Bose*, *Duell*, ... *Eldredge*, Elliott, *Foster*, Penn., Garfield, ... *Giddings*, *Golladay*, ... Hancock, *Hawks*, Harmer, Harper, Harris, Miss., Hays, Ala., Hazleton, N. J., Herndon, Houghton, Kendall, *King*, *Lamison*, Lamport, Lansing, *Leach*, Lowe, Maynard, *McHenry*, McJunkin, McKee, *McKinney*, ... *B. F. Meyers*, Morey, *Morphis*, Meyers, Negley, Niblack, Fla., Packard, Parker, Mo., Peck, Perce, Perry, Platt, Price, ... Rainey, *Randall*, *Rice*, Ky., *Robinson*, *Rogers*, N. Y., Rogers, N. C., Sargent, Shanks, Sheldon, *Sherwood*, Sloss, Snap, Snyder, Stevens, *Storm*, Stoughton, Stowell, St. John, ... Sypher, Taffe, Thomas, *Turner*, ... N. Y., Turner, *Tuthill*, Twichell, *Vaughan*, *Voorhees*, *Waddell*, Whiteley, Williams, Ind., Wilson, Ind., *Winchester* and *Young*—112.

NAYS—Messrs. Ambler, *Archer*, *Arthur*, Barber, *Barnum*, Beatty, *Bell*, *Bird*, *Blair*, Mich., *Bright*, Buffinton, Bunnell, Burchard, *Campbell*, Clark, Coburn, Conger, Cotton, *Cox*, *Crebs*, Crocker, *Davis*, Dawes, Donnan, ... Eames, *Ely*, *Farnsworth*, Finkelnburg, Foster, Ohio, Foster, Mich., Frye, *Goodrich*, Hale, *Hambleton*, Handley, *Harris*, Va., Havens, Hawley, Ill., Hawley, Conn., Hay, Ill., Hazleton, Wis., *Hibbard*, Hill, Hoar, *Holman*, Kellogg, Conn., *Kerr*, Ketcham, Killinger, *Lewis*, Lynch, *Marshall*, *McClelland*, *McCormick*, McCrary, McGrew, *McIntyre*, Merriam, *Merrick*, Monroe, *Niblack*, Ind., Orr, Packer, Palmer, *Parker*, N. H., Pendleton, Peters, F. H. Roberts, Rusk, Scofield, Sessions, Shellabarger, Shoemaker, *Slater*, *Slocum*, Smith, N. Y., Smith, Ohio, Smith, Vt., *Speer*, Sprague, Starkweather, *Stevens*, Stevenson, *Terry*, Townsend, Penn., Upson, Walden, Waldron, *Warren*, *Wells*, Wheeler, Willard, and Wilson, Ohio,—94.

By analyzing the above record, we find that in the Senate 24 Republicans and 12 Democrats voted in favor of the grab and 22 Republicans and 5 Democrats against it; the Republican vote being almost evenly divided, while the Democratic vote was more than two thirds in its favor.

In the House 63 Republicans and 39 Democrats voted in its favor and 59 Republicans and 35 Democrats against it; showing a less unfavorable ratio for the Democrats than in the Senate, but still favorable to the Republicans. We find but four New England members in both branches who favored the measure, Mess. Morrill of Maine, and Banks, Butler and Twitchell of Massachusetts. Of the 102 members of the House voting for it, 55 were from the Southern States and 47 from the Northern, while there were only about a dozen Southern votes against it. Of the seven members of the Maine delegation, five are on record against the measure, and Mr. Peters would have added another opposing vote had he not been absent from the House engaged in the labors of a Conference Committee, a number of which were worked almost night and day to prevent the failure of some of the most important public measures.

We think the opposition will find hard work in extracting party capital from the above showing, and we have reason to be proud of the record of our own State and of New England.

PRESIDENT GRANT'S SECOND INAUGURATION.

The advent of the new administration could not have been attended with more gratifying evidences of national good will, if the President had been chosen by the united voices of the whole people. Not only in Washington but in all the leading cities of the country, appropriate notice was taken of the inauguration by the firing of cannon and flags flying from the public buildings. The civic and military display at the Capitol surpassed all former displays on like occasions, and not a cloud appeared to cast a shadow over the incoming of the new Government. The President and higher officers of the Government have the better reason to trust the sincerity of these manifestations of good will, because they are not prompted, as is often the case, by the expectation of political rewards. The administration is to day the same as yesterday, and the organization of the Government service in all its branches will doubtless continue unchanged, except for cause.

The brief address with which the President enters upon his second term, is marked with the directness and simplicity which are the ruling traits of his character. It requires capacity and magnanimity of no ordinary kind, in an hour of triumph like this, to speak of the past with such modesty and of the future with such forbearance as are manifested in this address. New as the President was to civil distinctions of this character, he has been an apt pupil; and has learned that in statesmanship as in war nothing can stand against the mutations of public opinion, and the everlasting and sometimes terrific conflict of interests, but a clear and strong sense of personal duty and absolute self-control. In this respect Grant is the exact opposite of his immediate predecessor, who was both ignorant of the obligations of a Chief Magistrate to the country, and incapable of self control under any kind of unexpected fortune. In view of the perilous condition to which he brought the country, it is difficult to value too highly the even, firm and patriotic spirit with which his successor has met the responsibility of his high position, securing for the nation, so far as he has had power over its destinies, order and prosperity at home, and the respect of mankind.

With the President's desire to secure equal civil rights for all citizens of the Republic; to preserve peace with the Indian tribes and help them in the way of civilization; to correct the abuses which have grown up in the civil service of the country, by prosecuting the reforms already begun; to restore good feeling between different sections of the country, and to promote the industries, commerce, education and all the means of national wealth and happiness, he may well ask the co-operation of all parties. The intelligent interest he has taken in all measures calculated to promote these objects, gives ample assurance that any fault in making them a part of the settled policy of the Government, will not be owing to Executive indifference or hostility. But there is much to be done in all these respects before those who control events can cease to work for them; and until that time comes, the country can well afford to postpone the conquests of new territory which fascinate so many people, and with which the President has so strong a sympathy. Too much of the territory we already have is unimproved, too large a portion of our fellow-citizens entertain loose and altogether inadequate notions of Republican Government, to make it desirable to increase the dead weight of uncongenial matter. There are elements of weakness in our system already, which may well task the patience and ingenuity of statesmanship; and while they remain the President has an ample field for the exercise of all his power.—[*Boston Advertiser*.

Dr. Ladd publishes a card correcting our statement as to the meeting in his back office. He says it is a "large and spacious" *front* office in which The People are to take counsel and from which the People's Voice is to give utterance to the People's Choice for City officers. We have no doubt that the worthy doctor will afford the People ample accommodations and the best of entertainment.

SENATOR PATTERSON'S CASE. Shortly after midnight of Monday's session, Senator Patterson arose and asked that his case be taken up. Senator Carpenter said that at that late hour in the session it was manifestly impossible to give the matter a full and fair discussion. He was sorry, but there was not sufficient time. He proposed that the matter should be left by Mr. Patterson with his friends with the assurance that it should have satisfactory consideration after March 4. The Senate would have no jurisdiction over his person but would always have jurisdiction over the subject. It could come up by a resolution, and he hoped that course would be taken. Senator Hamlin and Senator Anthony on the Republican side, and Senator Thurman also expressed the same opinion. Mr. Anthony said he had not considered the matter and must be excused from voting if the matter came up now. Senator Thurman said he must follow the recommendation of the Committee if the matter was pushed. Mr. Morrill, the Chairman of the Committee, said he expressed no dissatisfaction, but if this course was pursued, the Committee would feel relieved of all responsibility. Mr. Patterson said that the assurance that a full and fair discussion would be had was all he asked. He did not wish to address the Senate himself. He rested on his statement. The report was then laid on the table.

The Kennebec *Journal* says that Hon. Charles L. Dunning of Piscataquis, and Hon. E. C. Farrington of Oxford, resigned their positions of State Senators at the close of the recent session of the Legislature. The former has been Postmaster at Brownville for more than fifteen years, and the latter has recently been appointed postal agent, which offices they could not hold under President Grant's recent proclamation, if they continued to fill the offices which they have resigned.

The *Press* thinks the Legislature left the cider question in more doubt and uncertainty than the Schleswig-Holstein question ever was.

The N. Y. *World's* Washington special writing on Monday evening said: "Speaker Blaine cannot be held responsible if jobs are put through the House during the closing hours of Congress. He did all in his power to day to have the various bills distinctly reported and generally understood, despite the assertions of Mr. Dickey, of Pennsylvania, that the House could not be made to understand anything. He even went so far as to pause before announcing the passage of a bill to ask if the measure was understood, and persisted in maintaining the strictest order up to the very moment of taking a recess. This was no easy task, as many members, and notably those who turn their backs on public life to-morrow, were decidedly unruly. The Speaker had finally to threaten to address the turbulent spirits by name, and then silence like a poultice came to heal the blows of sound."

THE SPANISH REPUBLIC. A Madrid dispatch states that Senor Olozaga has notified Castellar, Minister of Foreign Affairs by telegraph, that the Representatives in Paris, of the different powers of Europe, have decided to send a collective note to the government of Spain, declaring their belief, that their respective Governments will cease to hold diplomatic relations with Spain, in the event of the proclamation of a Federal Republic.

Advices from Gibraltar state that 200 Carbineers attached to the Spanish garrison at San Rocque, seven miles northwest of Gibraltar, attempted to create a rising in favor of Don Carlos but the demonstration was suppressed and the offenders imprisoned.

Special Notices.

St Andrew's Lodge.

FRIDAY EVENING, March 7th.

There will be a Special Meeting of St. Andrew's Lodge No. 83, F. & A. M., THIS EVENING, at Masonic Hall, at 7½ o'clock. Brethren are invited to attend.

Physician's Card.

W. H. SIMMONS, M. D.

Office with Dr. W. H. Brown.

Residence, 124 Hammond Street.

Particular attention paid to Diseases of the Skin, the Eye, and the Ear.

Bangor, March 6, 1873. 4w*

Notice.

The Directors of the Penobscot Lumbering Association, having rejected the proposals already presented, are now ready to receive sealed proposals until the tenth instant, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, for rafting the logs at the Penobscot Boom, the next rafting season, the Association to furnish the Toe, Rope, anchors, Buildings, Furniture, &c., that it now has on hand, the same to be appraised when taken and when returned, the party rafting the logs to pay the difference in the appraisal for the use of said articles, and to give a bond satisfactory to said Directors for the proper and faithful performance of said rafting, all of which is to be done under the direction of said board of Directors, who reserve the right to appoint the men to be employed as "catch markers" at said Boom, and also the right to reject any or all proposals that may be received.

Per order of Directors.
ABRAM MOOR, Clerk P. L. A.

Bangor, March 4, 1873. mch5td

NOTICE.

I have taken Shop No. 22 Hammond Street, where I am prepared to do all kinds of *Sign and Ornamental Painting.*

DANIEL B. HEAD.

mar3 6n 1w*

EPHRAIM P. LANSIL,

Cooper and Cistern Builder,

At Buck Street off Main St., Bangor, Me.

All work done at lower prices than by any other person in the city, and warranted of the best material. Tanks, Water Casks, and all Vessel work done at short notice. All orders left at China Tea Store, or addressed to P. O. Box 952, will receive prompt attention.

E. P. LANSIL.

Cisterns warranted to contain one hundred gallons to a bbl. mar1 6m 4w

Mary B. Cutter

Teacher of Piano.

feb19 3m Residence 49 Centre street.

REMOVAL.

DR. G. C. GARDNER,

Has removed to the rooms lately occupied by Dr. E. C. YOUNG, at No. 52 Main Street, where he will attend to the practice of dentistry in all its branches.

Dr. G. has permission to refer to Dr. ISAAC STRICKLAND.

A CARD. It gives me pleasure to recommend Dr. GARDNER to my friends and former patients, as a skilful practitioner. E. C. YOUNG.

Bangor, Aug 30th, 1872. tf

NOTIFICATION.

Now is your time to call and see the New Parlor Hair Dressing and Shaving Saloon,

In Bass' New Block, Main Street,

for we are ready to show to our Patrons something new and something true. We will show you some of our skill as far as barbering is concerned. We do not mean to monopolize the entire barbering, but our motto is to live and let live.

Your humble servants,
R. ANDERSON,
W. B. DOUSE.

jan18 tf

BROWN & SIMPSON,

COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

Bangor Maine.

Having been established in the successful practice of the law in the City of Bangor for more than twenty years, and having an extensive acquaintance in all parts of the State, and the very best facilities for transacting professional business, the subscribers have formed a Law partnership, and will give particular attention to all matters pertaining to a general law practice in any of the Courts of the State, or United States Courts.

Especial attention given to the collection of claims and demands, &c.

We promise promptness, accuracy and reasonable charges in all business entrusted to our care.

E. BROWN.
L. SIMPSON.

CHARLES HAMLIN,

Counselor and Attorney at Law,

No. 3, Wheelwright & Clark's Block.

Office hours from 2 to 6 P. M.

Bankrupt Court Room open from 9 A. M. to 12 M.

mch26 tf

SPECIAL NOTICE

To Lumbermen and River Drivers.

I wish to give notice that I am prepared to furnish at short notice, Scull Oars, Batteau, Jars, Paddles, Cant-Dog Sticks, Poles, &c., of extra quality and as cheap as can be bought elsewhere. Those who to purchase, please call and examine my stock.

EDMUND FREEMAN.

Olotown, Feb. 11, 1873. 6m d&w7

THE SAFE

Deposit Interest Bank,

No. 9 Central St., Bangor.

F. M. BLAKE, President.
T. H. SMITH, Cashier.

Interest allowed from the date of deposit at the liberal Government rate of

7-30 PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

No deposits received for a less sum than $60.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

March 29, 1872. d&w

W. M. FRANKLIN SEAVEY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW & SOLICITOR OF PATENTS.

Has removed to

Rines' New Block, No. 17 Main St., Bangor.

Attends to General Law, Collecting, and Patent Cases.

Bangor, Oct. 16, 1872. MFW tf

City of Bangor.

The Joint Standing Committee of the City Council on Accounts and Claims will be in session at the Aldermen's Room, on the first WEDNESDAY in each month, at 2 o'clock P. M. All bills against the city should be presented at that time.

CHAPIN HUMPHREY, Chairman.

apr13

Sanford's Independent Line.

For Boston and Lowell.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

Steamer KATAHDIN, Capt. W. R. Roix.

Will leave Winterport every TUESDAY at 12 o'clock M., touching at the usual landings.

Will leave Boston for Winterport every FRIDAY, at 4 o'clock P. M., touching as above.

Fares from Bangor, to Boston, including Stage fare to Winterport $4 00.

From Winterport and Bucksport to Boston, $3 00

Seats secured and tickets purchased at all the principal Hotels.

LOOMIS TAYLOR Agent.

dec 14

DR. J. F. BABCOCK,

Graduate Penn. College Dental Surgery.

Dental Surgeon.

Reception Parlor and Operating Rooms,

Nos. 1 and 3 Kenduskeag Block,

Same Floor as Mercantile Library.

MARRIED.

In Sandersville, Mass., Feb. 25th, by Rev. A. J. Bates, Mr. Geo. F. Ford and Miss Edna W. Bailey.

Hand Sled.

A red frame hand sled, supposed to be stolen, may be had by the owner. Apply to WM. WEYMOUTH.

mar7 3t

"Let the Eagle Scream."

The undersigned, NOT having any

Old Calamity

to close out, do not advertise any change in business nor do we intend to "wind" up, but will continue to keep fully stocked with the best quality and latest styles of

BOOTS & SHOES,

Hats and Caps,

—AT—

LOWER PRICES THAN ANY DEALERS in BANGOR

Call and See.

ARNOLD & SAWYER,

—AND—

MILLS & BAKER.

mar Com. copy.

To Manufacturers.

I would like to call the attention of those parties who are interested in the manufacture of Bangor Lumber, as it leaves the mills, into the various articles for which it is designed, previous to leaving the State, to the superior location and facilities offered by my Steam Mill or Factory at Hampden.

1st. I have a full acre of wharf privilege on which can be "stuck" millions of feet of sawed lumber as it is run down the river.

2d. My factory is situated on the wharf under the lee, (in a N. W. wind,) of a high steep bank, sheltered, and can be run as well in the winter as summer, without further artificial heat than is generated from the boiler.

3d. The water for generation of steam is from a never failing spring, high up the hill side, and led underground into the basement of the Engine room. During the cold winter of 1872, neither spring pipe or boiler, knew the effects of frost.

4th. And all manufactured goods can be shipped to and from the mill, by vessel or steamer, without the expense of trucking.

5th. The mill is exempt from taxation for nine years from the present time. Labor is as cheap, and prices of living cheaper than in Bangor. We can find equally as good markets for our manufactured goods. The Factory is large, substantial, well finished on the outside and painted; furnished with as good an engine as ever was made, and new boiler of nearly double the capacity of the engine, shafting and belts, dry room, office, tool room, attics, and large store house adjacent.

Any parties interested in manufacturing, are requested to call and see the property.

I will sell the whole or a portion. Or, I will put the mill into a joint stock company. Or I will accept a large contract on terms somewhat favorable to myself.

For further particulars concerning this, call on or address

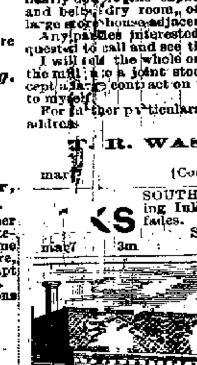
T. R. WASGATT, Jr.,
Hampden, Me.

mar7 (Com. copy.)

...KS SOUTHWARK CO'S English Writing Ink writes Black and never fades. Sole Agents for U. S. SCHENCK TAG Co., 55 Beekman St., N. Y.

mar7 3m

AUCTION SALE.



On Thursday, March 13th, at 11 A. M. at the Penobscot Exchange, if not sold previous.

My Store lot on West Market Sq., Nos. 48 and 49, with that splendid foundation 40 by 125 feet, and middle wall. A part of the brick walls are up ready to receive the flooring timbers, and a good wharf in the rear, on Kenduskeag Stream.

M. SCHWARTZ

mch7

LOST.

On Wednesday evening, March 5th, between H. B. Dunnat's Paint Shop and 29 Essex St., a Portmonnaie. The finder is requested to leave it at this office and receive a reward. mch7 3t

Girl Wanted.

To do housework at 29 High Street. march3 3t*

SHINE-UM-UP!

C. H. FIFIELD,

CARRIAGE PAINTER,

march6 4w* Corner of York St. and Broadway.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

OARS

of all kinds constantly on hand. Batteau and Scull Oars of the best quality, at the lowest prices. Also, Paddles, Poles, Cant Dogs, White and Yellow Ash Plank and Boards, Staves, Heading and Banisters, at my shop on Market Street, near the old Veazie Depot. All orders promptly attended to. P. O. address, Box 453, Bangor.

DEXTER ANDREWS.

jan14 tf

For Sale.

The subscriber offers his Homestead and Blacksmith Shop situated in Kenduskeag Village, for sale. The buildings are well situated as to business and convenience and are in good repair, making one of the best situations for a blacksmith in the country. Thirty-four years' continued attention to this business and failing health have compelled me to put this property in the market at a very reasonable figure and on easy terms of payment.

E. M. DOLLIVER.

Kenduskeag, Feb. 18, 1873. d&w*

Fresh Roasted Coffee.

Our Coffees are selected from the best that can be found in Boston and New York, and roasted daily in our

Carter's Patent Roaster.

They are sure to be Fresh and Pure. We have in TEAS,

Choicest Formosa, Foochow,

—AND—

Amoy Chops.

Full Strength and delicious. Also Green Japanese and English Breakfast Teas. Also a fine line in Fancy Groceries, &c.

CHINA TEA STORE,

feb21 tf 51 West Market Square.

Clean Your Silver Ware!

TAYLOR'S

KLENZER

Will do it to your perfect satisfaction. It requires no rubbing, and leaves the surface without the appearance of having been scoured, bright as new.

Price 25 cents per Bottle.

We have a full assortment of fine

Parian Ware,

In Statuettes, Groups, Busts, &c. Also

French Bronzes, and other Fancy Goods,

of our own importation, at very low prices.

J. S. Ricker & Co.

jan17

READ IT, REMEMBER IT, AND INFORM YOUR FRIENDS OF THIS CHANCE TO SAVE MONEY.

For the purpose of reducing our Stock, which from various causes, is unusually large for this season of the year, we will sell BOOTS AND SHOES, for CASH, for the next THIRTY DAYS, cheaper than they have been sold in Bangor for years.

Parties who design purchasing anything in the Shoe line will find it PROFITABLE to call upon us.

Those who have no *immediate* wants to supply will find an INDUCEMENT to purchase for *future* wants.

We continue to manufacture to measure all varieties of Pegged and Sewed Boots for Gentlemen's wear, from the BEST OF STOCK, by FIRST CLASS WORKMEN. WE MEAN BUSINESS!

E. A. BUCK & CO.

CORNER STATE & EXCHANGE STS.,

BANGOR.

feb11 d&w Com. copy

March.

Atlantic, Harper, Scribner, and other Magazines ... D. BUGBEE.

COD FISH

For Sale Cheap,

—AT—

D. W. GARLAND & CO'S,

jan25 No. 37 Broad St.

Cant Dogs

For Sale Cheap,

—AT—

D. W. GARLAND & CO'S,

jan17 37 Broad St.

WANTED.

A limited number of SECOND HAND SEWING MACHINES, for which a liberal price will be allowed in exchange for the new and beautiful

Keystone Machine.

For particulars call on or address

G. F. DANFORTH,

aug28 tf Main Street, Bangor.

THE RUSH

CONTINUES AT THE

Bargain Shoe Store.

Recollect that I offer my whole stock of

BOOTS & SHOES

At reduced prices for thirty days more.

RUBBERS.

Gents', Ladies', Misses' and Children's Rubbers, and Rubber Boots, in all the different styles and widths, constantly on hand.

JUST RECEIVED,

A nice line of Gent's Sewed Box Toed Calf Boots, all widths, and selling at low prices, at

F. A. CURTIS,

NO. 2 STRICKLAND'S BLOCK, Kenduskeag Bridge.

mar5

Spring Style HATS AND CAPS.

I can now offer to my customers one of the finest line of Spring Style Hats and Caps in the city, comprising everything that is new and nobby.

SILK HATS,

Broadway Block,

In all the different qualities, and warranted to fit the head.

Silk Hats made to order, and old ones made over to look as good as new.

All my Hats blocked for my customers free of charge.

F. A. CURTIS,

No. 2 Strickland Block,

mar5 Kenduskeag Bridge.

Hair Goods!

HAIR GOODS!

New and Nice Real Hair

SWITCHES AND CURLS.

—ALSO—

Silk Switches and Braids,

AT THE LOWEST OF LOW PRICES,

—AT THE—

Boston Button Store

28 Central Street.

mar4 tf

Before You Buy a Piano,

Will you look at a new Seven Octave Overstrung Piano, with French Top Dampers, four round corners, Back finished like Front, Pearl Mouldings above Plinth, Carved Legs and Lyre, and Fancy Fret Desk, warranted perfect in every respect, that we sell for

$300.

You can't afford to buy a Piano, without visiting our warerooms and looking over the largest and best assorted stock of Pianos this side of Boston.

Call early as they must be sold.

PATTEN & WHEELDEN.

feb5

FINE Stationery, English and French in various tints for sale by D. BUGBEE & CO.

LEGAL Blanks of all kinds for sale by D. BUGBEE & CO.

NEW MUSIC.

One Hundred New Pieces. Received by E. F. & W. G. DUREN.

WRAPPING Papers. A full line at the lowest prices. D. BUGBEE & CO.

March, 1873.

FOR A FEW DAYS,

To Close Out Stock,

—AND—

MAKE ROOM FOR

New Goods.

We shall sell a large portion of our RETAIL STOCK at COST. Now is the time to get a supply of FIRST QUALITY

Boots, Shoes, Hats, &c,

AT VERY LOW PRICES.

THOS. HERSEY & CO.,

Pickering Block,

mar3 MAIN STREET.

Reinforcements.

Having engaged ARTHUR B. WILLIAMS, I am better prepared than ever for the manufacture and repair of

Solid Gold Jewelry of any description.

Engraving of all kinds, and all work warranted to suit

EBEN STEVENS,

36 Hammond St., Opposite Court House.

mar5 Bangor, Maine.

Eastern Insurance Company.

STOCKHOLDERS MEETING.

The Stockholders of the Eastern Insurance Co. are hereby notified that a special meeting of the Company will be held at the Company's office, West Market Square, Bangor, on THURSDAY, March 13th, 1873, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the transaction of the following business:

1st. To decide if they will reduce amount of Capital Stock.

2d. To decide if they will levy an assessment to make good any deficiency of impairment of Capital Stock.

3d. To decide if the affairs of this Company shall be wound up.

4th. To transact any other business which may legally come before them.

mar6 WM. F. ANDERSON, Secretary.

BE PARTICULAR

TO INSURE WITH THE OLD

Mutual Life

INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF NEW YORK.

Established in 1843.

F. S. WINSTON, President.
R. A. McCURDY, Vice President.
JOHN M. STUART, Secretary.

Assets more than

$58,000,000,

ALL CASH.

The Oldest LIFE COMPANY in the United States!

THE LARGEST AND BEST IN THE WORLD!

More than 138,000 Policies Issued

Its SECURITIES are *Better*,—its DIVIDENDS *Larger*,—its EXPENSES *Smaller* than any other Company.

Its annual receipts, for INTEREST alone, is much more than the annual death losses.

Many of the Policies of this Company have nearly doubled in amount during the past 20 years, and the Cash dividends, in many cases are MORE THAN THE ANNUAL PREMIUMS.

No other Life Company in this country, or the world, has shown such results. There being no Stockholders, no Premium Notes, no accumulating interest to pay.

Note carefully the name of this Company, THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of New York, that it may not be confounded with others somewhat similar, and apply to

CHAS. P. WIGGIN, Agent,

BANGOR.

feb21

TRAVELERS INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Cash Assets, Jan. 1, $2,259,945.48

Grants everything desirable in

Life or Accident INSURANCE,

ON THE MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

General Accident Policies are written for a term of one to twelve months each, and insure a sum of $500 to $10,000 against Death by Accident, and $3 to $50 weekly indemnity for wholly disabling injury by accident (not to exceed twenty-six weeks for any one accident), at an annual cost of $5 to $10 per thousand for occupation not specially hazardous. Hazardous risks taken at higher rates.

In its Life Department, the TRAVELERS grants full LIFE and ENDOWMENT Policies; embracing the best features of the best companies, but without the complications or uncertainties of the note system. It sells insurance, rather than future "dividends." Its contract is a plain one, its security is ample and unquestioned, and its rates of premium are exceedingly low. It prefers to do business on a cash basis, and thus gives its policy-holders advantages not attainable under the credit system.

Premium system, the favorite low rate cash plan. All policies non-forfeitable. Its ten, fifteen and twenty year policies can be converted into Endowments, at the option of the insurant. This feature is original with this Company.

753 DOLLARS A DAY

Is the average amount paid by the Travelers for accidents ever since it was started.

It refers to the following persons insured at Bangor:

Gen. S. F. Hersey, J. H. Lynde,
Maj. Jere Fenno, B. Lewis.

Messrs. Chadwick & Hammatt, Agents Travelers Insurance Company:

Gents: I hereby acknowledge the receipt of four hundred and ten dollars and 7½ cents, in full for my claim against the Travelers for indemnity for loss of time occasioned by a severe accident last September. The loss was covered by a general accident policy in this company, the value of its insurance, the prompt and honorable dealings of its officers and agents, commend it to the insuring public.

SAM'L F. HERSEY.

D. M. HOWARD,

CHADWICK & HAMMATT,

Agents, Bangor.

H. K. MORRILL, Gardiner,

General Agents.

Agents wanted in all the principal villages in Kennebec, Sagadahoc, Lincoln, Knox, Franklin, Penobscot and Washington Counties.

feb26

March Magazines.

received by D. BUGBEE & CO.

10,000

First Quality

LUMBERMEN'S

Driving Corks

FOR SALE BY

Fogg & Bridges,

BANGOR.

March 1, 1873. d&w

NOTICE.

FOR SALE IN VEAZIE, a Farm near the Congregational Meeting-house, containing about twenty-seven acres of good land in a good state of cultivation, with good Buildings thereon. This Farm will be sold at a bargain. For particulars inquire of H. CHASE, Veazie.

feb28

In Hight's Bookstore

W. F. WEEKS, established in 1861, has associated with him three very fine watch makers. We can repair all kinds of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Spectacles. We invite all who have a Watch or Clock that does not perform to please them, to leave the same with W. F. Weeks, and satisfaction will be guaranteed. A fine stock of Watches, Clocks, Spectacles, and Jewelry, for sale. Watches adjusted to heat and cold. Sole Agent in Bangor for the Borel & Courvoisier Watches. Correct time by our transit observations.

W. F. WEEKS,

In Hight's Bookstore, 3 Smith's Block.

feb20 d&w

Yellow Pine Ship Stock.

YELLOW PINE HEWN TIMBER.

YELLOW PINE WEST INDIA CARGOES.

WHITE OAK PLANK.

WHITE OAK PLANK STOCKS.

WHITE OAK FRAME AND STRAIGHT TIMBER.

Cargoes shipped direct from South,

JOS. H. RISLEY,

P. O. Box 4968, 27 South St., N. York.

Palmetto Gang Mills.

For sale, a partnership interest in the best located and most valuable mill property in the South.

JOS. H. RISLEY,

P. O. Box 4968, N. York.

Fruit Farms for Sale.

Two desirable Farms, 200 acres each, on Pocomoke river, Somerset Co., Md., near R. R.

JOS. H. RISLEY,

P. O. Box 4968. 27 South St., N. York.

Walnut, Ash and Pine

CHAMBER SUITS.

PARLOR, DINING AND KITCHEN

FURNITURE,

And if you want Furniture of any kind made to order go to

DOLE BROTHERS

Hammond Street, Bangor, Me.

Agents for Moule's Patent Earth Closets.

feb21 d&w

Valentines.

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT

—AT—

S. L. MERRILL'S,

No. 4, Bowman's Block

feb3 d&w

ON THE CORNER!

Watch Repairing

The undersigned would inform the public that he has taken the Corner Window in

BRADBURY'S DRUG STORE,

AT THE CORNER OF HAMMOND & CENTRAL STS.

Where he will carry on

WATCH REPAIRING

in all its various branches.

J. G. LEONARD,

No. 8 Smith Block,

feb10 In Bradbury's Drug Store.

COSTUMES

PRESCOTT

is prepared to furnish

FANCY SUITS

For Balls, Theatricals, Operas, &c.

feb12

Business.

A capable and efficient man wanting business, who would like to engage as Special Agent or Canvasser for one of the oldest and most popular Life Insurance companies, may learn of a favorable opportunity by addressing

P. O. BOX 1482, Bangor, Maine.

feb25 2w

HARDY'S

GENUINE JAUNDICE BITTERS is now offered to the public as an old and favorite remedy for those ailments peculiar to the spring of the year. It is especially recommended for

JAUNDICE,

and diseases of a like nature generally caused by a torpid state of the Liver. This condition is indicated by Headache, Constipation, Drowsiness, Loss of Appetite, and a want of energy, well known and dreaded by almost every one.

For these troubles, Hardy's Genuine Jaundice

BITTERS,

is recommended in good faith.

TRY IT!

For sale, in bottles, prepared for use, at 75 cents, and in papers with directions for preparing, 25 cents, by

WM. E. MANN, Agent,

45 West Market Square, Bangor,

and by dealers generally in New England.

mar4 3m

A new lot of Stereoscopic Views received by CHAS. HIGHT.

REMOVAL.

U. S. Pension Agency is removed to Custom House building; rooms recently occupied by Assessor of Internal Revenue.

S. B. MORISON, Pension Agent.

feb21 2w

Keys Lost.

The finder is requested to leave them at this office and receive a liberal reward.

mar1 3t

Swedish Servants.

Families in any part of Maine who wish to obtain Swedish Servants, either male or female should apply this month, so that they may be engaged among those who are coming from Sweden in May. The cost of the passage, if advanced by the employer will be repaid in work.

Apply by letter or in person to

MAGNUS A. E. LINDBURG,
Care J. S. Ricker, Bangor, Me.

mar4

For Sale, Farm and Woodland

The undersigned has for sale, one lot of Land containing fifty-six acres, situated about two miles from Bangor, and well known as the Hathaway Farm, cuts from sixty to seventy tons of good hay yearly. Also, the Barn located upon said farm. For sale also, a large tract of woodland located upon the shore of Hermon Pond, and containing about one hundred acres. For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

MRS. C. H. HATHAWAY.

Bangor, March 4th, 1873.

Peddlers Outfit for Sale!

Two good black HORSES, weighing about 950 lbs. each; a pair of HARNESSES, and TWO GOOD CARTS, of medium size and weight, suitable for carrying whips, cigars, patent medicines, &c., will all be sold CHEAP FOR CASH. Apply to

H. A. OSGOOD & SON,
31 Lisbon St., Lewiston, Maine.

mar4

LAWYERS should use the printed "Claim Envelope." A very convenient thing. For sale by CHAS. HIGHT.

2310 yds. Hamburg Edgings

CHEAP.

10 PIECES BLACK CASHMERE, very low.

500 DOZEN NAPKINS, medium Goods, at half price.

CASE BLACK ALPACAS.

SPRING PRINTS, pretty styles.

AT

JOSEPH F. SNOW'S,

32 MAIN STREET.

feb3

NOTICE.

All persons having unsettled accounts with Gordon Stanford are requested to call and settle the same.

GORDON STANFORD,

jan25 5 West Market Square.

TO THE LADIES.

Do you want your Furs put in order before packing them away. You can have them done much cheaper at this season of the year if you will bring them to

ELIZABETH WYER,

mar3 40 Grove St.

Lumber and Dock Timber

WANTED,

IN EXCHANGE

For Locomotive Boilers, Horizontal Engines, Feed Pumps, and other Machinery.

Address, G. H. ANDREWS,
feb1 4w 178 Pearl Street, New York.

A Reliable Clairvoyant.

Mrs. W. H. TOWARD,

treats all diseases incident to the human race, on receipt of $1 and return stamp. Tells fortunes and gives information in regard to articles lost or stolen. All letters containing $1 and stamp will be promptly answered.

Residence, corner Everett and Bower sts., Bangor Maine. mar4 1w*

LADIES use the "Azure" tinted English Note. For sale at CHAS. HIGHT'S.

Highland Slate Company.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the Highland Slate Company will be held at the office of the Muzzy Iron Works, in Bangor, on WEDNESDAY, the fifth day of March next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of choosing officers and the transaction of any business that may legally come before the meeting.

ISAAC S. WHEELMAN, Sec'y.

Bangor, Feb. 24, 1873.

Auction Sales.

C. S. PEARL,

REAL ESTATE BROKER, COMMISSION MERCHANT AND AUCTIONEER,

No. 3 Kenduskeag Block ...

FOR SALE. ... with lot ... desirable.

jan8

COMMISSION MERCHANT ...

Nos. 1, 2 and 3, Broad ...

SALES ...

FURNITURE ...

HOUSEHOLD ...

No. 12 ...

SILK HATS!

... *Conformateur Conformator* ...

ADAMS BROTHERS, No. 5 Kenduskeag ...

CHAIRS.

CANE AND WOOD SEAT ...

New styles of ASH CHAMBER ...

A. L. GILMAN & CO., No. 1 ...

... EN SON!

MORISON & BIRD, No. 12 ...

Wanted.

MUZZY Iron Works!

Central and Franklin Streets, BANGOR, MAINE.

Machinists & Iron Founders.

Steam Engines, Boilers, Water Wheels and Single Saw Mills ...

Vessel Castings.

ANDERSON'S Patent ...

MUZZY'S IMPROVED SPRING ...

Circular Saws, Steam Pumps, Governors, Belting ...

PIPING, BRASS AND IRON FITTINGS

Bangor, Feb. 15, 1873.

SOMETHING NEW

IN

Wall Papers.

We would call the particular attention ... of the most elegant patterns ... Babcock's Dental Rooms ... rooms and examine it before purchasing elsewhere.

CHARLES HIGHT.

jan1

A New Clothing House.

KELLEY & MARTIN.

PROFESSOR MARTIN ... has formed a Copartnership ... KELLEY, at

NO. 1 KENDUSKEAG BLOCK, ...

CLOTHS of the Latest Styles

... PROFESSOR MARTIN'S ... fashionable and Stylish Cutter, ... City of Bangor and vicinity ... KELLEY who is well known ... Tailor. They can warrant ...

A BETTER FITTING GARMENT,

A BETTER STYLE GARMENT,

A BETTER MADE GARMENT

than you can get elsewhere ... as good as you can find in Boston.

AT LOWER PRICES

than any other place in this city.

The reason why they can ... own work, they pay no large ... of the customer.

They have also a new stock of

READY MADE CLOTHING

—AND—

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

which they sell cheaper than you can ... where.

They will guarantee satisfaction ... fund your money.

Call and give them a trial ...

MILITARY COMPANIES

will find this the best place to have ... made.

Bangor, August 13, 1872.

USE WARD'S INK.

For sale in Bangor by DAVID BUGBEE & CO. and E. F. & W. G. DUREN.

aug31

TELEGRA...

Whig & C...

DOMESTIC ...

THE NEW ORLEANS ...

The Fusionists ... An Attempt At ...

ASSAULT ON ... STATION ...

VOLLEYS OF ... POURED ...

ARTILLERY ...

NewspaperARCHIVE.com

TELEGRAPHIC

TO THE

Whig & Courier.

DOMESTIC NEWS.

THE NEW ORLEANS RIOT!

Fusionists Appeal To Arms!

An Attempt At Revolution!

ASSAULT ON THE POLICE STATIONS!

VOLLEYS OF MUSKETRY POURED IN!

ARTILLERY USED, AGAINST THE MOB!

THREE KILLED AND WOUNDED!

The U. S. Troops Called Out!

Insurgents Dispersed!

&

[Order] Restored In The City!

[illegible] The Fusion Legislative Hall!

[illegible] UNDER A HEAVY GUARD!

[illegible] ON THE POLICE—DISPATCH FROM GOV. KELLOGG.

[illegible], March 6. The following [was] received during the night by [illegible] from Gov. Kellogg:

[NEW ORL]EANS, March 6. An armed mob [illegible] the third Police [station] and the court building. We had [illegible] who repulsed the [illegible] reported, killing [illegible]. Gen. Badger with a [force] upon the rear, capturing and [illegible] large number. The police sta[tion illegible] up with prisoners. A com[illegible] after the mob [illegible]. They are scattering to their [illegible] were distinctly ordered to [illegible] is any thing. The at[illegible] them.

[illegible] A CONCERTED ASSAULT.

NEW ORLEANS, March 6. This morning's [illegible]. In the early part [illegible] prevailed to the effect [illegible] of a serious nature was on [illegible] that the success at[illegible] demonstration of the previous [illegible] followed up by an attack [illegible] stations throughout the city. [illegible] reports prevailed during [illegible], the excitement [illegible] nothing fur[illegible] the feeling.

[illegible] ORGANIZING HIS FORCES.

[illegible], however, and about night-[illegible] evident that a movement of [illegible] foot. Bodies of men were [illegible] different places in the cen[illegible] the city, and arms were freely [illegible] street, that [illegible] clubs had offered [illegible] thousand men. Early in [illegible] number of bodies [illegible] to justify this assertion. [illegible] had assembled at the low[illegible] street, another on Poydras [illegible] gathering was reported in the [illegible] Sugar Shed.

[illegible] STATION FIRED INTO—THE MOB REPULSED.

[illegible], another squad of militia [illegible] street, and emerging fro[m illegible] St. Louis Cathedral, fired [illegible]. The fire was returned [illegible] grazing Gen. Ogden's [illegible] retreated; but in about [illegible] were re-enforced by [illegible] were then stationed at the [illegible] with Toulouse, and St. [illegible] Ann, at the head of St. Peter [illegible] the corner of Chartres and St. [illegible] there was also a guard placed [illegible] Chartres and Toulouse-sts.

STORES ROBBED.

[illegible] brush the station house was [illegible]. The stores of P. Durand, [illegible] and E. Lee, containing arms, [illegible] open by the militia and their [illegible].

[illegible] BRING ARTILLERY TO BEAR—A SHARP ENGAGEMENT.

[illegible] Gen. Badger, with three com[panies of] police, numbering 80 men each, and [a piece] of artillery, formed at the corner of [illegible] street. The piece was soon after [illegible] and taken down street, the po[lice] marching by fours. When they reached [illegible] street the firing commenced, a rak[ing fire] being delivered from the corner of [illegible]son street. The police returned the fire, [and in] the confusion had some difficulty in [lim]bering the piece. There was a contin[ued] musketry firing for about 15 minutes, [and at] last the gun was gotten into position [and] discharged twice down Chartres street.

MOB DRIVEN BACK—A THIRD SHOT FIRED.

This created some indecision in the ranks of the militia, and they fell back momentar[ily], but quickly rallied, and the firing was re[sumed]. A third shot was discharged, and the militia retreated into Jackson square the po[lice] [illegible] up Chartres street between [illegible] and St. Peter sts. At 10 o'clock the [illegible] were being rapidly reinforced from all [quar]ters of the city, the squads moving in the direction of Jackson Square.

THE KILLED AND WOUNDED.

So far as is known one man was killed and [illegible] wounded of the militia. Only one cas[ualty] is reported among the police, a man [slight]ly wounded in the arm.

[illegible] OFFICER APPEARS—ORDERS TO DISPERSE THE MOB.

[illegible], of Gen. Emory's staff, arrived at the corner of St. Peter and Levee streets at [illegible] and asked for the commander of the [illegible]. Some one informed the officer that [it] was not a mob, but citizens. Col. Ogden and Gen. Waggaman coming up, the United States officer informed them that he [came] from Gen. Emory and had orders to re[quest] the militia to disperse, adding that Gen. Emory had received instructions to that effect from Washington. Col. Ogden responded that he would order the men to retire and disperse immediately. He requested that Mr. Bond, who held a position in the Court Buildings, be permitted to pass through the lines with his men. The officer said he could merely submit this request to the commander of the police. Col. Ogden went down and endeavored to have Bond released, but his efforts were of no avail.

GEN. SMITH AND THE INSURGENT CHIEF.

We learn that about this time Gen. Waggaman, commanding the militia, was met by Gen. Smith, of the U. S. army, in front of the Cathedral. Gen. Smith requested Waggaman in the name of the United States to disperse, which the latter at once complied with, remarking at the time to Smith, "Despite your courtesy I cannot say that I am glad to meet you, since it appears that I am destined to have that pleasure only in the capacity of a prisoner." It will be remembered that Waggaman surrendered the armory to this officer last December.

THE MOB DISPERSED—THE ORDERS FROM WASHINGTON.

Afterwards the crowd gradually dispersed and left the police in quiet possession of the buildings. The action of the U. S. troops was taken up in obedience to the following telegram:

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 6.

General Emory, Commanding the Department of the Gulf, New Orleans, La.:

The President directs you to prevent any violent interference with the State Government of Louisiana. Acknowledge the receipt.

(Signed) W. T. SHERMAN, General.

ANOTHER ENGAGEMENT—POLICE STATION RECAPTURED.

The seventh precinct station was recaptured by the police at half past two this morning. General Badger, with fifty men and one piece of artillery, reached the station and making a detour to the rear of the building advanced towards it and sent officer Murphy to demand its surrender. Before the officer reached the station the attacking party were received with a volley from shot-guns of perhaps seventy-five men and immediately returned the fire. The men retreated, and the police rushing in captured the station and seven prisoners.

MORE VICTIMS.

It was then ascertained that M. K. Chandler had been mortally wounded, the ball having penetrated his abdomen. Another man named Ernest Liraudis was struck in the arm with buckshot. Chandler was conveyed to a drug store. There is no hope entertained of his recovery.

THE CITY STRONGLY GUARDED—THE FUSIONIST REVOLT PREMATURE.

NEW ORLEANS, March 6—10 A. M. The city is perfectly quiet. No trouble is apprehended. It is stated that McEnery did not authorize the movement last night. The police are in quiet possession of the city, with U. S. troops in easy supporting distance. The militia are dispersed. The citizens generally seem to regard the attack of last night as premature. The object of the Fusionists in making it does not clearly appear.

LATER—ODD FELLOWS' HALL TAKEN BY POLICE—RENEWED EXCITEMENT.

Noon—The police, armed as infantry, has just taken possession of Odd Fellows' Hall, where the McEnery Legislature heretofore met. Mr. I. G. Moncure, the Speaker, and other members in the hall at the time were taken to the station. About 100 Metropolitans occupy Lafayette Square. There is considerable excitement and a large crowd has gathered about the Square and Odd Fellows' Hall.

THE PRESIDENT'S ORDER SETTLED THE TROUBLE.

General Sherman received the following from General Emory this afternoon:

NEW ORLEANS, March 6. Since my dispatch of 11.15 the city has been perfectly quiet. Order prevails everywhere this morning. I think the announcement of the President's order to me of last night will effect a permanent settlement of the trouble here.

MCENERY'S ANSWER.

NEW ORLEANS, March 6. McEnery addressed a note to Gen. Emory to-day asking if he countenanced the seizure of the Fusion Legislative Hall etc. Gen. Emory replied that he was not consulted, but if it was by order of Gov. Kellogg, whom he was instructed to recognize as the Executive of Louisiana, he should use all the military force at his command to prevent any violent interference with the recognized State authorities. All is quiet this evening.

SPECIAL SESSION OF THE SENATE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 6.

Vice President Wilson called the Senate to order. Messrs. Jones, of Nevada, and Wadleigh of N. H., and Ferry, of Conn., were sworn in. Mr. Spencer, of Alabama, was about to take the oath when Mr. Bayard objected until the question of the credentials of his contestant, Sykes, were considered. A discussion ensued as to the validity of the credentials of Spencer and the memorial in behalf of Sykes.

Mr. Hamlin, from the committee appointed to wait upon the President, reported that he had performed the duty and the President's reply was that, as at present advised, he would have no communications to make to the Senate except in the form of nominations.

The debate on the credentials of Spencer was continued, but without action the Senate adjourned.

FROM NEW YORK

FOSTER'S RESPITE.

NEW YORK, March 6. An official document from Gov. Dix respiting Foster was received to-day and the Sheriff's guard has been removed from the condemned cell.

ANOTHER MURDER.

Charles Green shot Charles Manning in Fortieth street this forenoon. Green is Secretary, and Manning is President, of the Bricklayers' Association and the murder was the result of a dispute relative to the disposition of the funds of the society.

MISSOURI.

A KU-KLUX MURDER.

ST. LOUIS, Mar. 6. While Deputy Sheriffs Thompson and Walters of Dekalb County, in this State, were attempting to arrest William Grooler last Monday, they were attacked by a party and Walters was killed, and a little boy was severely wounded.

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER
WASHINGTON, March 6—7.30 P. M.

Probabilities.

The area of the lowest barometer will move on Friday south-east and eastward over Wis-con.

South-west winds, backing to south east, with cloudy weather, prevail in middle and eastern States.

MAINE NEWS.

LOSS OF A MAINE VESSEL

NEW YORK, Mar. 6.

The bark C. S. Rogers of Bath, Me., from St. John, N. B., to Havana, foundered at sea on the 24th ult. The Captain and crew were saved by bark Presto and then transferred to pilot boat Mary Fish, which brought them to this port this noon. The Rogers sprung a leak off Nantucket 23d in a hurricane. When the last boat was leaving the Rogers a sea boarded her, washing her cabin in and upsetting the stove which set fire to the oil room, and when the crew left her the after house was in a blaze. The Rogers was 392 tons and owned by A. D. Bailey and others of Bath. Two of the seamen were badly frost bitten.

FOREIGN NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

TROUBLE IN HIGH LIFE—LORNE AND LOUISE.

LONDON, March 6—4 P. M. It is rumored that the Marquis of Lorne and Princess Louise have separated because of incompatibility; that the Princess is in a religious retreat near Windsor and that the Marquis has gone abroad. No authority is given for the report, and it needs confirmation.

SPAIN.

TROUBLE IN MADRID—AN OUTBREAK FEARED.

NEW YORK, March 6. A Madrid dispatch states that there is intense excitement there and a conflict is expected between the Government and citizens. The Government buildings are guarded and troops are stationed at various points.

It is stated that if the Cortes refuses to dissolve, the entire Cabinet and President Figueras will resign.

THIERS RECOGNIZES THE CARLISTS.

LONDON, March 6. President Thiers has recognized the belligerent rights of the Carlists in Spain. The impression grows in London that Don Carlos will succeed. It is rumored that the Carlist leaders intend to raise a loan.

FINANCIAL AND [illegible]

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

NEW YORK, March 6.

MONEY The money market was easier at intervals, but quite irregular. The call of loans ranged from 1-32 to 7 per cent. in the early hours, but afterwards rose to 1-16 and finally dropped to 7 per cent gold.

STERLING EXCHANGE at 107¾ a 108.

GOLD firm and higher, ranging from 115 a 115¾, closing at 115¼ a 115¾.

LOANS at 1 a 7 per cent. for carrying and flat for borrowing.

CLEARANCES $57,000,000.

Government securities closed at the following quotation.

U. S. Fives			112¾
U. S. Sixes, (coupons)	1881		118¾
U. S. 5-20s do	1862		115
U. S. do do	1864		116¼
U. S. do do	1865		116¾
U. S. do do	1865	new	114
U. S. do do	1867		116
U. S. do do	1868		116
U. S. 10-40s do			110
Currency Sixes,			113
Central Pacific			103
Union Pacific, 1st mortgage,			86

Southern State securities closed this afternoon at the following quotations:

Tennessee 6's (new)	83
Virginia 6's (new)	50
Missouri 6's	94
Louisiana 6s (new)	46
North Carolina 6s (new)	17
South Carolina 6s, (new)	30
Alabama 8s,	80
Georgia 6s,	76

The Stock market closed, this afternoon at the following quotations:—

Western Union 88½; Pacific Mail, 50½; Boston [Hartford & Erie illegible]; [New York Central and Hud]son River Railroad Company, 103; Harlem Railroad Company 127½; Reading Railroad Company 108; Michigan Central Railroad Company 109; Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad Company, 94¼; Illinois Central Railroad Company 120; Cleveland & Pittsburg Railroad Company 88¾; Chicago & Northwestern Railroad Company 81; do preferred 88½; Chicago and Rock Island Railroad Company 113½; Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad Company 53; do preferred 73½; Pittsburg & Fort Wayne Railroad 93; Wabash Railroad 73¾; Erie Railroad 65½; do preferred 74; Ohio & Mississippi Railroad 46; B. st. n, Hartford & Erie 8.

BOSTON STOCK BOARD.

[Sales at the Broker's Board, March 5.]

29 Eastern R R	105½
25 Boston & Maine,	117 a 117
4 Old Colony & Newport	111

MARKETS

NEW YORK, March 6.

COTTON weak and irregular—sales 2526 bales—middling uplands 20¼.

FLOUR—sales 9,000 bbls.—State and Western is dull—State, 5.85 a 8.40; Western, 5,85 a 10 50; Round Hoop Ohio 7.00 a 10,50; Southern 6,10 a 12,75.

WHEAT—sales 56 000 bushels—Winter Red Western 1.80 a 1.95; No. 2 Spring, 1.55 a 1.66½.

CORN steady—sales 33 000 bush.—mixed western new, 65 a 66½; old do., 66 a 68½.

OATS quiet—sales 14000 bush.—New white, 60; new western 47 a 50.

PORK firmer—sales 100 bbls—New mess, 15,87½.

BEEF dull.

LARD quiet at 8 9-16 a 8¾.

BUTTER quiet—Western, 60 a 00; State, 32 a 40.

COFFEE nominal—Rio 18 a 20¼ gold.

MOLASSES quiet—New Orleans, 55 a 57.

RICE steady at 8 a 8¾.

SUGAR firmer—Fair to good refining 8½ a 8¾; Muscovado, 8½ a 8¾.

PETROLEUM dull—Crude, 8½; refined, 19¼.

NAVAL STORES weak,—Spirits Turpentine, 56; Rosin at 3/65 a 3/70.

FREIGHTS to Liverpool quiet—Grain per steamer 7½.

CHICAGO, March 6.

FLOUR dull and unchanged.

WHEAT higher—No. Spring, 1,21¾ cash; 123½ April; No. 3, 109½; rejected, 93 a 94.

CORN firm and in fair demand—No. 2 mixed, 32 a 32½ cash; 32¾ a 32½ seller April; 35¾ seller May; rejected, 23½.

RYE steady—No. 2, 65.

BARLEY in good demand—No 2 Fall, 74 a 75.

PORK at 14 30 cash; 14,45 a 14,50, seller April; 14 75 a 14 80 seller May.

LARD in good demand at 7½ cash; 8 seller April; 8.10 seller May.

BRIGHTON CATTLE MARKET

[For the week ending Wednesday, March 5.]

At market for the current week—Cattle 1646; Sheep and Lambs 5,333; Swine 15,100; number of Western Cattle 1496; Eastern Cattle 00; Working Oxen and Northern Cattle 150. Cattle left over from last week 00.

Prices of Beef Cattle, ⅌ 100 lbs, the total weight of hides, tallow and dressed Beef—Extra quality $87 75 @ 8 00; first quality 7 25@ 50; second quality 6 50 @7 00; third quality 4 75 @ 5 75; Poorest grade of coarse Oxen Bulls, &c, $3.50 @ 4.25.

Brighton Hides 9½ @10c.

Brighton Tallow 6½c ⅌ lb.

Country Hides 8.

Country Tallow 5@ 5½c ⅌ lb.

Calf Skins 16 @ 20c ⅌ lb.

Sheep Skins $1.75 @ 2 50 each.

Lamb Skins $1.75 @ 2.50 each.

The supply of Cattle from the West this week was lighter than that of one week ago. The quality was mostly of a common grade, but a few lots selling as high as 8c ⅌ lb live weight. The trade on account of the light supply has been very fair at prices the same as our last quotations.

Working Oxen—A few pair each week is all the market requires at this season of the year—We quote sales of 1 pair, 8 ft. 3 in. $185; 1 do 7 ft. $25; 1 pr 6 ft 6 in 159; 1 do 6 ft 6 in $145. The trade will improve as soon as spring opens.

Milch Cows—Most of those offered for sale are of a common grade. Nearly all the small Cattle and most of the Store Milch Cows that are in fair condition are sold to butchers. We quote—Extra $60 @$85; ordinary $25 @ $50, Store Cows $15 @ 50 ⅌ head.

Sheep and Lambs—Western Sheep and Lambs cost from 6½ a 8½c ⅌ lb; Nearly all the Western Sheep were owned by butchers.

Swine—Store Pigs, none in market—Fat Hogs—16,000 in the market, prices 6 @ 6¾c ⅌ lb.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS

—Is it possible that the vertebral column of Winter is dislocated?

—P. T. Barnum's great menagerie museum, hippodrome and World's fair will be exhibited in this city about the 20th of May next.

—The "Reformers" caucus for candidates in the First, Second and Third Wards this evening.

—There have been thirty cases of small-pox and varioloid at Ellsworth, eleven of which resulted fatally.

—Mr. Thomas Moffatt of Ellsworth, Me., has been appointed a railway Post-office clerk on the line between Boston and Bangor.

—Two men indulged in a knock down argument in West Market Square yesterday, but escaped arrest.

—One eighth of the brig Atlas of this city, has been sold by Capt. Hodsdon to Capt. Powers, who will in future command her.

—Lincoln hankers for a cheese factory and the citizens have been holding meetings to forward the enterprise.

—The ladies of the Winterport Methodist Sewing Circle will give social entertainments in Fernald's Hall on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings of next week.

—At a recent party in this city sugar was used by mistake instead of salt to season the oysters. The cook found herself in a stew right away.

—The city authorities are busily at work clearing the gutters of the streets in various parts of the city to be in readiness for the big thaw which is expected.

—The Republican Ward Caucuses will be held in the different Wards this evening, for the nomination of candidates for Aldermen and Councilmen.

—The Central Maine Fire Insurance Co., just chartered by the Legislature, will have its business office in Dexter, and will start its business at once.

—In the case of State vs. E. F. Harvey of Parkman, on trial at Dover for perjury, the jury on Tuesday afternoon returned a verdict of "not guilty."

—On Tuesday, Mr. Tracy, of Franklin, while engaged in chopping logs, by a sudden fall of the tree upon which he was standing, was thrown upon a sharp stump, and severely, if not fatally injured in the abdomen.

—A young man named Shea, who has been at work in a Massachusetts mill, returned to this city yesterday minus one hand, which was recently taken off in the machinery.

—Mr. John Revel, brakeman on the E. & N. A. through freight train, had the second and third fingers of his right hand terribly crushed while shackling cars at Kingman, yesterday.

—The promenade concert which was to have been given at Music Hall this evening has been indefinitely postponed, and ticket-holders can have their money refunded on application to Mr. Andrews.

—The lot and foundation on which Schwartz block stood before the great fire in West Market square, will be sold at auction on Thursday of next week, at the Penobscot Exchange.

—Miss Hannah Inman started last Sunday from her home at Ellsworth Falls, to go to her father's camp on Number 14, and was found in the snow by two men, so badly chilled that she had to be carried to the camp. It is said that both of her legs were frozen.

—The social dance which was to have been given in the Hampden town hall last evening, has been postponed to Wednesday next, or if stormy, the next fair evening following.

—It is no uncommon occurrence for postmasters and their clerks to discover written upon envelopes containing letters passing through the mails this legend: "If not called for in ten days return *to the writer.*"

—The annual reports of the financial condition of the towns now holding their meetings show that the heavy debt incurred during the war is fast being liquidated. Many of them have already paid their large indebtedness, and have good margins on the side of assets.

—The regular weekly meeting of the Penobscot Agricultural Association will be held at the Fuller school house in this city to-day, commencing at 10 A. M. The discussion will be upon the following:—"Resolved, That Railroads are an injury to the Farming Community."

—A gentleman residing on the east side, lost yesterday a valuable black-and-tan puppy, which died on his hands. His grief was somewhat assuaged by finding that the ten dollar bill the "purp" swallowed just before it died, was not badly torn.

—A young man applied at the telegraph office the other day for a chance to learn the business, but wanted assurance that there would be no danger of his getting the elec[illegible] have been struck by lightning and he says he has noticed that it always had a bad effect on them.

—Hon. Solomon T. Corser of Portland, has resigned his position on the board of Railroad Commissioners, and it devolves upon the chief executive to fill his place by appointment. Mr. Corser was appointed Commissioner for three years on the 20th of December, 1871, and his term of office does not expire until December 1874.

—Mr. W. E. S. Whitman, who is to compile the industrial statistics of the State, and superintend their publication, will begin at once the task of obtaining material. The *Journal* says he will lay out his work systematically, and aim to present facts and figures that will make the publication reliable, and therefore valuable.

—At the annual town meeting in Lincoln, a vote was passed to exempt from taxation for the term of ten years from date any improvements that may hereafter be made for manufacturing purposes in that town, provided the sum invested by any one party or Company shall amount to $5,000.

—The Promenade Concert in Music Hall last evening was fully as successful as those which preceded it, and was much enjoyed by the large number in attendance. The music by Andrews' orchestra was all that could be desired, the floor was well managed, and altogether the concert was a very pleasant affair.

—We learn that the excursion to Kingman made yesterday by some seventy-five ladies and gentlemen of Rev. Dr. Field's Society, was a very pleasant affair. The party made the trip on a special train, leaving here at 11 A. M. and arriving home about 7 P. M. They were handsomely entertained at Kingman by Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Hall formerly of this city.

NOMINATIONS DECLINED. Mr. J. H. Gould emphatically declines to accept the "Reform" nomination as candidate for Councilman in Ward 5, which was made without his knowledge or consent. He is as ever a Republican, and will support the Republican nominations. F. M. Laughton, Esq., who was also nominated at the same time as candidate for Councilman from the same Ward, published a card in the *Commercial* declining to accept.

A COSTLY PUPPY. The Supreme Court now in session at Dover decided an important dog case last week,—brought up an action to recover damages done by said dog in the killing of nine sheep belonging to one Dow of Atkinson, in July, 1871. The jury returned a verdict against deft.—John Blake for $95 and costs, amounting in all to about $200. The *Observer* pertinently asks, "Who says that dog farming isn't profitable?"

THE TRAINS, which have been decidedly mixed during the week thus far, were straightened out yesterday on all the roads from this city. The night express from Boston was only an hour and a quarter late yesterday morning, and the Maine Central evening train arrived a little before 9 o'clock. The E. & N. A. Railway trains were run nearly on time. The Bangor & Piscataquis road is again open, the breaking-out train having reached Guilford at noon yesterday, and returned to Oldtown last night. It is hoped to have the Belfast Branch cleared of snow by Saturday night.

FATAL ACCIDENT. On Monday last Mr. Elliot Jordan 2d, of Waltham, was driving an ox team with a heavy load of logs, more than 1500 feet, on two sleds. The snow being very deep and the road narrow, Mr. Jordan took hold of the ox bow, and while descending a hill the near ox tipped him thus breaking his hold of the bow and throwing him under the oxen. Before he could extricate himself, the first sled was upon him, and the team stopped when the forward runner was part way across his body. He started the oxen again and crawled far enough to avoid the second sled, then stopped them again, and by a strong effort, succeeded in disengaging them from the sled, hoping they would return to the camp. They however went on to the landing. This was about 5 o'clock in the afternoon. The men at the camp becoming uneasy at his long absence went in search, found him at 8 o'clock in the evening, carried him to camp and immediately sent for a doctor. Mr. Jordan lived in great suffering until 8 o'clock the next morning when he expired. He was 48 years old.

CITY UNDERTAKER'S REPORT. From the report of Mr. William Lowney, City Undertaker, we learn that the whole number of deaths in this city during the municipal year ending March 1st, was 286, and they occurred as follows:—

Month.	Protestant.	Catholics.
March, 1872,	17	11
April "	19	9
May "	13	13
June "	11	7
July "	14	6
August "	20	14
September "	14	14
October "	15	7
November "	10	3
December "	15	12
January 1873,	20	3
February "	12	7
Total,	180	106

The ages at which death occurred, are as follows:—

Age,	Protestant.	Catholic.
Under one year,	23	18
One to five years,	13	8
Five to ten,	2	5
Ten to twenty,	18	12
Twenty to thirty,	30	18
Thirty to forty,	19	4
Forty to fifty,	14	8
Fifty to sixty,	20	6
Sixty to seventy,	12	15
Seventy to eighty,	20	7
Eighty to ninety,	8	2
Over ninety,	1	3
Total,	180	106

Of 180 deaths, 55 resulted from consumption, 2 from fever, 19 from small pox, 17 from congestion, 14 from cholera infantum, 9 from dropsy, 8 from old age, 6 from paralysis, 5 from accidents, 4 from tumor, 4 from croup, 3 from scrofula, 3 from heart disease, 2 from liver complaint, and 10 from other diseases not stated.

The remains of 34 persons were brought to this city for interment, and 44 were carried to other places for that purpose. Interments were made in this city as follows:—At Mount Hope, 140; at Mount Pleasant, 100; at Maple Grove, 10; at Pine Grove, 4; at Finson Road Cemetery, 1; at City Farm, 15.

NEW SECRET SOCIETY. We learn from a reliable source that a number of good little boys on the East side have formed a society for mutual improvement, which bids fair to make some business for the S. F. T. P. O. C. T. A. These benevolent lads saved the pennies given them by their indulgent parents and those earned by doing errands, etc., until they had money enough to buy a dog. Then they bought such a nice big dog. He is white, with pretty little red eyes, ears cropped close to his square head, forelegs crooked like a parenthesis, and an under jaw like the hopper of a grist mill. His only defects are sundry gashes and scratches about the face, neck and forelegs, which, however, being pink contrast beautifully with his hair. And these nice boys love that dog; they are so afraid he will hurt his mouth that they cover his nose with leather straps, and lest any one should steal him, they keep him chained in a stable loft. They are so fond of him that they spend a large part of their time in catching cats, which they carry to him to play with, and letting him loose they shut the door and peep through the cracks to see the sportive animal gambol about the room. It might be objected [illegible] that the feelings of [illegible] but, [illegible] they care no more for the things of this earth. They probably wouldn't live long any way, and they can't suffer much. These boys are doing a fine work, and we shall expect in time to see them called from their sports to more serious and better occupations at the spacious stone mansion, in the town adjoining Rockland, where they may remain under the guidance of good men who will love them so that they will not be allowed out of sight. It is a glorious future to look forward to!

CITY MARSHAL'S REPORT. By the courtesy of Major Bolton, we are enabled to give the following extracts from his forthcoming annual report.

The whole number of arrests made by the police during the year ending March 1st, was 657, of which 293 were for drunkenness. The offences for which arrests were made are as follows:—

Assault,	95
Assault with a knife,	1
Adultery,	2
Adulterating liquor,	1
Breaking and entering,	2
Breaking glass,	3
Cruelty to animals,	2
Common drunkards,	10
Common runaway,	1
Committing nuisance,	1
Drunkenness,	293
" 2d offence,	7
" and disturbance,	24
Delerium tremens,	1
Disturbing religious meeting,	1
Firing pistol in the street,	6
Insanity,	1
Larceny,	33
" from person,	3
Malicious mischief,	14
Obtaining liquor under false pretenses,	1
Obstructing sidewalk,	1
Pauper,	1
Rape,	1
Storing liquors intended for sale,	2
Search and seizure,	109
Search warrants,	3
Selling unwholesome meat,	1
Swindling,	2
Safe keeping,	3
Selling liquor,	13
Street walkers,	3
Using obscene language,	1
Vagrancy,	13
Truancy,	2
Total,	657

The amount of fines paid in the Police Court on actions commenced by the Police, was $1,400; amount of fees paid to City Treasurer, $524.87; amount due from County for Police fees, including witness fees of officers, $1,451.20; amount received for dog licenses, $62; amount of fines paid County Treasurer on actions and indictments commenced by the police, $2,138.13; amount paid jailer on committals by the police, $415.39; total, $6,060.59. The amount of liquors taken on search and seizure processes by the police was 5079 gallons. Four persons have been sent to the Insane Hospital and twenty-four to the Work House and House of Correction. One hundred and sixty-two persons applied at the police station for shelter and were provided with lodgings.

REPUBLICAN CAUCUS.

Agreeably to the call published in our columns the Republican voters of Bangor met in City Hall last evening for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Mayor for the ensuing municipal year. The hall was densely packed on the floor and in the galleries, and at half past 7 o'clock the assembly was called to order by Captain Hermon Bartlett, Chairman of the City Committee, who read the call and nominated Hon. S. D. Thurston as Chairman. Mr. Thurston on taking the chair said that this was a Republican caucus, and in that party could be found as good men to carry out reforms as in any other.

W. P. Hubbard, Esq., was chosen as Secretary, and the chairman appointed Joab W. Palmer of Ward 1, S. B. Morrison of Ward 2, O. H. Ingalls of Ward 3, Geo. W. Whitney of Ward 4, Charles Sawtelle of Ward 5, J. W. Humphrey of Ward 6, and Ben. B. Thatcher of Ward 7, a committee to receive, sort and count the votes for candidate for Mayor. After some discussion, on motion of J. F. Snow Esq. the balloting commenced. The ballot resulted as follows:—

Whole number of votes,	457
Necessary for a choice,	229
Moses Giddings had	268
Newell Blake	189

and Moses Giddings was therefore declared nominated as the Republican candidate for Mayor.

Mr. Blake then arose and thanked his friends for the expression of their confidence in him and said he was perfectly satisfied with the vote. He therefore moved that the nomination be made unanimous, which was done.

Loud and repeated calls were made for Mayor Wheelwright, but the assembly were deprived of the pleasure of listening to him as he was at the time attending a session of the Board of Aldermen and was unable to be present.

Hon. H. E. Prentiss was called upon, came forward and said he wished to speak a few words as a matter of business. He said the people had always had good Mayors, and he was perfectly satisfied with the present nominee. The present, he said, was a critical time for Bangor, as a bill had passed the City Government and the State Legislature permitting the city to loan its credit for two millions of dollars in behalf of the Aroostook Railroad. This bill provides that the security shall be satisfactory to the Board of Aldermen, and it was therefore necessary that a good Board be elected—men who would be careful and watchful of the city's interests as if the issue of this two millions of bonds depended on each individual member.

William Boyd, Esq., followed Mr. Prentiss and said he would like to ask if this was a railroad meeting and whose land the road would go through?

Mr. Prentiss replied that it did not go thro' his land, and he had opposed the bill before the City Council, for which some charged that he already had a railroad through his land and did not want others to have the same advantage.

Mr. Giddings having come in, the chairman, Mr. Thurston introduced him to the audience, who gave three cheers for Hon. Moses Giddings, the Republican nominee for Mayor. When the house had become quiet again Mr. Giddings said:

Fellow Citizens,—I am much obliged for this expression of confidence in me and I only have to say that I have the welfare of this the city of my nativity at heart, and shall always vote and act for its best interests. If it so happens that I come to represent the city as a whole then my private interests shall be subordinate to those of the city, and I shall endeavor to so discharge my duties as to meet the approval of my fellow citizens.

When the speaker had concluded, there being no further business, the meeting was adjourned.

CITY AFFAIRS.

IN BOARD OF ALDERMEN,
March 6, 1873.

Reports accepted—

Of Committee on Accounts & Claims on monthly roll of accounts, and order for payment of same passed; of Com. on Sewers on petition of A. E. Pote for repair of sewer in front of his premises on Kenduskeag bridge, and matter referred to next City Council; of Committee on Streets and Highways on petition of J. Gleason & als. for same on Church Lane, so called, from Gridley to Hancock-st., and petitions granted leave to withdraw; of Com. on Accounts and Claims on order to report what sum should be paid the City Physician for extra services in cases of small pox; of same on compensation to Health Officer for extra services in small pox cases; of same on claim of J. T. Ladd for damage from defect in highway; of same on claim of Noah J. [illegible] petitioner granted leave to withdraw; [illegible] ments; of same on sewer in Front street; of same on petitions of J. M. Titcomb & als., of H. E. Sellers & als., of A. Warren & als., of N. H. Hatton & als., and of committee relative to sewer on Columbia street, and matters severally referred to next City Council; of Committee on Streets and Highways on order for painting names of streets on street lamps; of same on petition of Charles Sweet & als., of C. D. Bryant & als., of Z. P. Eastes & als., of T. H. Coombs & als., of Wm. Robinson & als., of E. B. Neally & als., of E. H. Fifield & als., of S. Doyne & als., also on remonstrance of Dr. Jacobs & als. against cutting down Short street—and same severally referred to next City Council; of Com. on Fire Department on bills of C. B. Brown & als., in favor of payment of same.

Orders passed—

Establishing harbor lines, passed as reported by the committee; for payment of $800 to City Physician for extra services in cases of small pox; also for payment of $100 to Health Officer for extra services; allowing sums paid by owners of lots on Cumberland street for old sewer on assessment for new sewer; for payment of $40 to J. T. Ladd for damage on account of alleged defect in highway; for payment of bills of O. B. Brown & als.

Order for payment of $44 to Dr. E. F. Sanger, refused a passage.

Resolve authorizing temporary loan of $45,000, finally passed.

The hearing on petition of Parkhurst & Webb for license to erect a stationary steam engine was adjourned to Saturday, March 15.

Adjourned one week.

IN COMMON COUNCIL.

Reports accepted—

Of Com. on Sewers, on petitions of J. M. Titcomb et al for sewer on Pond St.; of H. E. Sellers et al for sewer on Essex St.; of Asa Warren for turning Somerset St. sewer; of N. H. Hatton for abatement of sewer assessment; communication of H. Gale for sewer on Columbia St.; of A. E. Pote & Co. for repair of sewer in front of their store—and matters severally referred to next City Council.

Of same committee, on sewer on Front St., accepted in concurrence.

Of same committee for assessment of C. B. Sanford for entering Sanford St. sewer, and recommendation for abatement of same adopted.

Of Committee on Streets and Highways on petitions of Chas. Sweet et. al., for repair of sidewalk on Ohio St.; O. D. Bryant et. al., for repair of Pearl St.; Z. P. Eastes et. al., for extension of Lincoln St.; T. H. Coombs et. al., for concrete walk on Essex St.; Wm. Robinson et. al., for road from Cram Road to Carmel Road; E. B. Neally et. al., for concrete walk on 4th St.; E. H. Fifield et. al., for grade of Ohio St.; S. Doyen et. al., for improving James St.; and on remonstrance of Dr. Jacobs against cutting down Short St.; and matters severally referred to next City Council.

Of same committee on petition of John Gleason et. al. for sewer on Church Lane, accepted and petitioners granted leave to withdraw.

Of same committee on matter of painting names of streets on street lamps, and for painting new signs—accepted and order for furnishing same referred to next City Council.

Of Committee on Accounts and Claims on claims of C. B. Brown, G. F. Godfrey, and Wm. J. Lawrence and order for payment of same as revised passed in concurrence; of same committee on petition of Jas. T. Ladd for allowance for damage to horse and wagon by defect in highway, and order for payment of forty dollars for same passed in concurrence; of same committee with accompanying order which was amended, and as amended was passed, for accompanying roll of accounts.

Of same committee, relative to additional compensation to City Physician and Health Officer for services in small pox cases, and order passed directing payment to Dr. M. alvin Preble of $800 and to Henry Gale $100.

Of Joint Special Committee on petition of C. L. Soule for allowance of damage caused by cutting passage on Willow street, accepted and petitioner granted leave to withdraw in concurrence.

Of Joint Standing Committee on Accounts and Claims and City Solicitor on petition of Noah J. Foster, and petitioner granted leave to withdraw.

Orders passed—

Authorizing payment of $44 to E. F. Sanger for professional services in varioloid cases—authorizing Treasurer to make temporary loan of $45,000; for allowance to abuttors on account of sewer on Cumberland street; for payment of A. Both, U. S. Engineer for plan of harbor lines.

Adjourned one week.

BANGOR POLICE COURT.

BEFORE JUDGE CLARK.

Thursday, March 6th. State vs. Wm. H. Kimball; drunkenness and disturbance, fined $5 and costs, and committed in default of payment.

State vs. Martin Golden; drunkenness; fined $3 and costs and committed.

We have hardly deemed it worth while to notice a petty squib which has been going the rounds of the Democratic press, representing Senator Hamlin as a man of great wealth and even giving the figures of his alleged fortune of hundreds of thousands. The paragraph has been conspicuously quoted by papers in this State whose conductors are perfectly aware of its entire falsehood but who hesitate at no slander upon a political opponent. Senator Hamlin is too well known in this State for his character to be affected by such a plainly malicious invention, and his unblemished record throughout an extended public service renders any insinuation of mercenary proclivities ridiculous. The following remarks of the Portland *Press* will be recognized as eminently truthful and just by all whose opinions are of any value:

A silly little paragraph has been started by some ignorant or malicious newspaper man, stating that Senator Hamlin of this State is a very rich man, with the evident purpose to convey the notion by distant inuendo, of an improper acquisition of wealth by that gentleman in his public capacity. In Maine it is very well known that Mr. Hamlin is comparatively a poor man; that after more than thirty years of official service, generally in a high capacity, he has saved but a very moderate fortune. He has always been a very liberal man in a benevolent and charitable way, but his style of living has been quiet and unostentatious, and he has been able to make some savings from his legitimate salaries, Mr. Hamlin is as free from suspicion of official impropriety in a pecuniary way as any man in the nation, and in his own State not even his political opponents in the heat of contest have ever raised the slightest question of his integrity. A pure reputation, acquired by the unswerving rectitude of a life time, is too precious a thing to be tarnished by any reckless paragraphist.

The oldest printer in the State is Mr. Edes, of the Piscataquis *Observer.* In a recent personal item he says: "To satisfy the curiosity of some, we will here state that the age of the 'venerable printer' is a little less than 75 years, having been born in Boston, February 14th, 1798. We are happy to inform our readers that we are in tolerable health, stick to our case with as much tenacity as in former years, and can read Diamond letter readily and set Nonpareil easily, without the aid of eye-glasses."

JUDGE DURELL. A Washington dispatch says: "The House Judiciary Committee submitted no report in reference to Judge Durell. This fact has added to the impression that is gaining ground that the Judge acted within the authority conferred by the law and the [illegible] Cabinet are united in sustaining the decree of the Court."

NEWS BREVITIES.

The N. Y. 7th Regiment escorted the West Point Cadets through Broadway, Thursday, both corps eliciting great applause along the crowded thoroughfare.

It is stated that General Fremont has written a defence of his action in putting the bonds of the El Paso Railway on the Paris market.

Washington dispatches state that the Secretary of the Navy accounts for the treatment of the Naval Cadets on Inauguration day, by stating that there is no appropriation to cover the expenses incurred by such excursions.

An Havana dispatch says that the Captain General has ordered that the reporter of an American newspaper, now in the camp of the Insurgents, be sent out of the country, if he returns to the Spanish lines.

The Legislature just adjourned, incorporated five slate companies, located in Piscataquis and Somerset counties, nine cheese companies, and chartered four savings banks and ten fire insurance companies.

A member of the House of Representatives Saturday sent a page to various members requesting that they not only write their names in his autograph book, but append a motto or sentiment. When the book was presented to Oakes Ames he wrote with his signature, "Put what you have where it will do the most good."

BUSINESS ITEMS.

MR. FRANK KINSMAN.—Dear Sir:—Our sales for Adamson's Balsam increase every week. Please send us five gross. If the sales continue to increase in the future as they have in the past three months, we shall have to buy ten gross a month!
Respectfully yours,
W. F. PHILLIPS & CO.
fel 22 eod tf

TO THE CONSUMPTIVE.—Let those who languish under the fatal severity of our climate through any pulmonary complaint, or even those who are in decided consumption, by no means despair. There is a safe and sure remedy at hand, and one easily tried. "*Wilbor's Compound of Cod Liver Oil and Lime,*" without possessing the very nauseating flavor of the oil as heretofore used, is endowed by the phosphate of lime with a healing property which renders the oil doubly efficacious. Remarkable testimonials of its efficacy can be exhibited to those who desire to see them. For sale by A. B. WILBOR, Chemist, No. 166 Court Street, Boston.

PIANOS, ORGANS AND MELODEONS.—For the best and cheapest Musical Goods of all kinds go to Patten & Wheelden's.

SAFE DEPOSIT INTEREST BANK.—The Safe Deposit Interest Bank continues to pay 7 3-10 per cent on deposits. For conditions see advertisement in our Special Notices.

One paper of CIDER BITTERS in the season of Spring may save one a long sickness. Their success is remarkable. For sale by Bradbury. feb15—2m

Notwithstanding the persuasions of parties interested in other hotels, the traveling public continue to patronize the Lynde Hotel at Rockland, and rejoice in clean rooms, comfortable beds, and a well furnished table.

WEDDING, VISITING AND BUSINESS CARDS. We are prepared to print cards of all kinds in the neatest manner, and with latest styles of type.

Watch Repairing.

GEO. NORWOOD

Would inform his friends that he is now located with DANIEL WHITE, Dealer in

Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry,

and will give his whole time to Watch repairing.

mar5 Store No. 2 Kenduskeag Bridge.

Bowler & Merrill,

BANKERS,

142 Exchange St., Bangor, Me.,

Allow Interest on Deposits

FOR THE FULL TIME

FROM DATE OF DEPOSIT

—TO—

DATE OF WITHDRAWAL.

ALSO ISSUE

Certificates of Deposite

PAYABLE ON DEMAND

OR AT SOME STATED TIME WITH INTEREST.

Buy and Sell Gold, Silver, Gold Drafts Coupons, Uncurrent Money, United States, State, County, City, Town, and the best Railroad Bonds, National Bank Stocks, Railroad Shares, &c.

Negotiate First Class Business Notes and Acceptances

Make Collections Promptly.

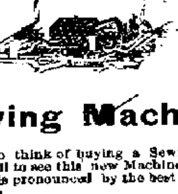
Furnish First Class BANKERS' DRAFTS, and LETTERS OF CREDIT, available in all parts of the World.

Have for Sale the most desirable Securities for Investment.

dec18 1w eod&w tf

THE NEW

REMINGTON



Sewing Machine.

Parties who think of buying a Sewing Machine should not fail to see this new Machine before purchasing. It is pronounced by the best mechanics of country to be

THE BEST FAMILY SEWING MACHINE

ever yet invented.

We take pleasure in offering this machine to the public as a

Perfect Sewing Machine,

doing away with all the objections in other machines, and as something that has been long wanted by all users of the Sewing Machine.

It has a straight needle, makes the Lock or Shuttle Stitch, and is alike on both sides, and performs perfect sewing on every description of material with cotton, linen or silk thread, from the coarsest to the finest numbers.

Call and see it before purchasing.

Thomas P. Kemp, Agent,

102 Main Street, Bangor.

I am also Agent for the

[illegible]

—AND THE—

Improved Empire Machine,

For Tailoring or Leather Work.

We claim that this Machine is not only equal but much superior to any other machine that has ever been offered to the public.

102 Main Street, Bangor.

THOMAS P. KEMP, Agent.

A GREAT SUCCESS.

THE

CHICAGO, DANVILLE & VINCENNES RAILROAD,

in its operations for 1872, showed an amount of

Net Earnings Unequalled by any Other New Railroad in the West.

These earnings, being largely in excess of the interest obligation of the outstanding bonds of the Company, prove the First Mortgage

7 PER CENT. GOLD BONDS

TO BE A

Perfectly Safe Investment.

This Road is the short line from the Indiana Coal Region to Chicago. One hundred and thirty-two miles of it were in operation during 1872, and earned $627,530 32 gross, leaving

Net Earnings of $277,352.78

The interest upon the bonded debt of 132 miles being but $115,000 gold.

The earnings for the last three months of 1872 were $41,332.83 more than for the first three months, and for the last six months, the increase over the first six months was $52,089.57. It is expected by the officers of the Company that the earnings of the whole road will shortly reach $100,000 per month. But even on the basis of equal earnings per mile for the whole road to those of the last three months, there will be a handsome dividend upon stock, beside interest upon the bonds.

The company owns a large and very valuable real estate in Chicago and elsewhere, besides having an equipment of twenty-four first-class locomotives and about 800 cars, and an additional equipment contracted for of ten locomotives and four hundred and fifty freight cars.

These figures give the best assurance, to careful investors, that the First Mortgage Bonds of this Company are SAFE BEYOND QUESTION.

The Bonds are at the rate of $16,500 per mile, are for $1,000 each, and have forty years to run, the interest (at 7 per cent gold), payable in New York, April 1st, and October 1st.

The present price is 90 and interest from October 1st, the Company reserving the right to advance the price at any time, there being now but a small amount remaining unsold.

Early orders are suggested, in order to secure any portion of this extremely desirable loan.

For further particulars, statement of earnings, maps of the line, &c., apply to

Messrs. Bowler & Merrill,

Bankers & Brokers,

142 Exchange St. Bangor, Me.

OR

W. B. SHATTUCK & CO.,

Bankers,

23 Nassau St., New York,

General Agents.

de 19 d&w3m

To Invalids and Tourists.

NEW YORK AND BERMUDA STEAMSHIP LINE.

For Hamilton Bermuda.

The A1 Side Wheel Steamship

"NIAGARA,"

STARK, Commander,

Will be dispatched from Pier [illegible], North River, for the above port, on Saturday, March 8th, at 12 o'clock M. Invalids or Tourists desiring a pleasant trip, and to escape our severe early spring weather, will do well to visit these Islands.

For Freight, or passage having elegant accommodations, apply to

LUNT BROTHERS,

28 South Street

Cabin Passage,	$35 Gold.
Steerage Passage,	$20 Gold.

First class Hotel accommodations at the Island.

fe28 1w

Saw Gummer and Sharpener

A CHEAP, simple and durable Machine—easily operated and running Wheels from 8 to 24 inches in [illegible] inch.

Price of Machine, - - - $15.

Wheels with bevelled, double bevelled and round faces from $2.12 to $7.35, according to thickness. Heavier Machines $70 and $90, running Wheels up to 24 inches in diameter.

For illustrated Pamphlet or Photographs address

THE TANITE CO.,

Stroudsburg, Monroe Co., Pa

feb19 deod&wtm

Valuable Mill Property for Sale

To be sold at PUBLIC AUCTION, on the premises, on SATURDAY, March 15th, at 12 o'clock, noon:

THE VALUABLE MILL PROPERTY, on the Saint John River, at the head of the Long Reach, King's County, known as the Gray Mill. The Mill contains a gang, single saw, lath, paling, clapboard, shingle and shook machines; with the running gear and saws all complete. The machinery is in thorough repair, and she will cut from 25 M to 30 M per day. She is driven by a new overshot wheel thirty feet in diameter, has a new raceway and generally her equipment is complete, as it was all overhauled recently. The water privilege is a good one, comprising three large lakes and three reserve dams. There is a large frontage on the river for securing logs, a large wharf and ample piling ground. There is in addition six acres of land, two dwelling houses, barn, blacksmith's shop, two stores, and other erections. The whole is one of the most desirable mill properties offered to the public for some time. It is situated twenty-five miles from St. John and is of easy access.

Terms and other information made known on application to

C. M. BOSTWICK,

Assignee to Estate of Geo. H. Gray,

No. 3 Water Street, St. John, N. B.

fe26

City of Bangor.

An Ordinance regulating the Licensing of Billiard Rooms, Bowling Alleys, &c., and the playing of Bagatelle.

Be it ordained by the City Council of the City of Bangor as follows.

SECT. 1. No person, unless first licensed therefor, by the Mayor and Aldermen, as hereinafter prescribed shall have or keep in any house, shop, saloon, vessel, building, or other place within the City, any Bagatelle board, or Bagatelle table, to be used, in or about such premises, by persons resorting thereto, in playing the game of Bagatelle; provided, however, that nothing in this Ordinance is intended, or shall be construed, as, in any manner, prohibiting, restricting or interfering with, the playing of Bagatelle as a mere private game and home amusement.

SECT. 2. But the Mayor and Aldermen may grant licenses therefor, as they may deem proper, and the persons so licensed, and all persons licensed to keep Billiard Rooms and Bowling Alleys, shall pay into the City Treasury the sum of ten dollars, or such proportional part thereof, for any term less than one year, as said municipal officers may direct, for each license, on the issuing thereof.

SECT. 3. All the provisions of sections 3 to 7, inclusive, of chapter 30, Revised Statutes, relating to Bowling Alleys and Billiard Rooms, shall apply to Bagatelle boards and tables, and persons licensed to keep the same, within the city limits. And the said, required by section 6 of said chapter, shall include a further condition, applicable alike to those licensed to keep Bowling Alleys, Billiard Rooms, and Bagatelle boards or tables, that they will not violate any law of the State relating to intoxicating liquors, or permit the same to be done on their premises.

SECT. 4. All licenses provided for in this ordinance shall expire on the day succeeding the first Monday of May next after such licenses are granted, unless sooner revoked by the Mayor and Aldermen.

SECT. 5. This Ordinance shall be promulgated by publication one week in each of the daily newspapers printed in Bangor, and shall take effect immediately after its passage and such promulgation.

mar3 d1t

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE INhabitants of the City of Bangor, qualified to vote for Representatives, that warrants have been issued to GEO. A. BOLTON, a Constable of said city, to notify the said inhabitants to assemble at the places in each of the Wards in said city, named herein, on MONDAY, the tenth day of March, inst., at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to act on the following articles, to wit:

To choose a Warden, a Ward Clerk, one Alderman, and three Councilmen, for each of said Wards; and to give in their votes for Mayor of said city.

The places of meetings are as follows, viz:

Ward One, at the school-house corner of York and Essex streets, in said Ward.

Ward Two, at the City Hall, in said Ward.

Ward Three, at the school-house on Union, between Third and Fourth street, in said Ward.

Ward Four, at the Grand Jury Room, in the Court House, in said Ward.

Ward Five, at the school-house corner State and Pine streets, in said Ward.

Ward Six, at the school-house on Spring street, in said Ward.

Ward Seven, at the school-house on Pearl street, in said Ward.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Aldermen will be in session at the Aldermen's Room, in the City Hall, in said city, on the 6th, 7th and 8th days of March inst., from 10 o'clock A. M. to 12½ P. M., and from 3½ to 4 o'clock P. M., on said days, to correct the list of said voters.

Warrants calling said meetings, and also lists of the voters in said Wards, are posted at the several places of meeting. Per order,

JOHN K. MAYES, City Clerk.

March 1st, 1873.

THE HERMIT'S VIGIL

[illegible]

Of wandering souls and mortal fears, [illegible] was reading
[illegible] last night,
[illegible] worth the heeding,
[illegible]

[illegible] with dark superstition
[illegible] recoiling, to th extreme
[illegible] but with material vision
[illegible] as myth or dream,

[illegible]

Or with a hear the story
[illegible] a forest
[illegible] storm rages
[illegible]

[illegible] fiendish laughter
[illegible] sudden far
[illegible] shrilling after
[illegible] wild afar

[illegible]

[illegible] A shriek came ring

[illegible] the emperor's soul,

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] March

In 1872 upwards of 100,000 pounds of human hair were imported into Marseilles The stock came principally from China. The utilization of pigtails for European exquisites is a curious result of Anglo French victories in the Empire of the Sun

And now they tell of a young Connecticut doctor who "spends his leisure hours in practicing on the cornet, and passers by, thinking an amputation is going on inside, are deluded as to the number of the man's patients"

Herr Professor, is it not a shdrannch ting, latee, dat de Latin race gannot aguire de Enklish bronounciation? I haf choost dis moment bardet from an Italian chendleman (a crade vrent of mine ant a ferry gleffer mann) who has lifed in Lonton almost as long as I hav—dvendy vive yeers—ant foot you pelief it? He shbeeks Enklish vit a kvite shdron voreign intonation! How to you agound vor a zo egsdra orrtinary ver goomshdanz as tat?

PROVINCE HOUSE

ON EUROPEAN PLAN

163 Washington and 11 Province Court,

Opposite Old South Church, Boston

G. A. COWAN, Proprietor.
(Late of Parks House)

This House recently opened Everything new throughout Rooms by the day or week 5 cents and $1 00 per day

aug2

LYNDE HOTEL,

ROCKLAND MAINE

A. LYNDE, - - Proprietor.

THE HOUSE has been erected the past season on the corner of Park and Main S Rockland, and is now open for the public [illegible] ago

[illegible] beds pleasant rooms good fare [illegible] attendance will be offered to the guests of the house, and no pains will be spared to make their stay agreeable Nearly every room [illegible] the day, and every room in the house is [illegible] thus affording to persons desirous of enjoying the sea breeze and sparkling the summer months an opportunity to do so with [illegible] location [illegible] where they [illegible]

Have taken especial pains to prepare [illegible]

Arrange to take passengers to and from the house free of charge

Good Livery Stable connected with the house and good stable for transient horses

GEORGE'S HOTEL,

MAIN ST., THOMASTON, MAINE

This old well known and favorite House has during the past winter, been thoroughly overhauled, refitted and supplied with new furniture in style equal to any Hotel of the day, is now ready for permanent and transient boarders

[illegible]

The Table will be kept [illegible] supplied with the [illegible] market affords [illegible] seasons, [illegible] make the [illegible] the House agreeable [illegible]

[illegible] House to connect with [illegible] the [illegible] at Rockland from east and west, [illegible] to and from the cars

[illegible] Livery Stable is connected with the Hotel

[illegible] friends at the LYNDE [illegible] where the undersigned officiated as Clerk [illegible] not to forget his present [illegible] will be [illegible] me and happy to [illegible]

WILLIAM K [illegible] Proprietor

[illegible]tsmen

AND

TOURISTS

[illegible]

FOREST, LAKE, RIVER

BY

Mackenzie Brothers,

HOSIERY, GLOVES, SILK MERCERS

—AND—

GENERAL OUTFITTERS,

[illegible] King Street St John New Brunswick

[illegible]

HEART DISEASE

[illegible]

B F BRADBURY, Druggist

Maine Central Railroad Company

CONSOLIDATED LOAN

Expressly Authorized by the Legislature!

THE MAINE CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY [illegible] Consolidated Bonds [illegible] by Mortgage on [illegible] the Railroads [illegible] Portland & Kennebec Somerset & Kennebec Androscoggin & Lewis & Farmington Railroads [illegible] Sinking Fund [illegible] for trust funds can be made [illegible] are of the denominations of $100 $500 and $1,000, registered and coupon [illegible]

FREE FROM TAX AND INTEREST

FOR SALE BY

BREWSTER, SWEET & CO.,

BANKERS, BOSTON,

AND BY

BOWLER & MERRILL,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

Bangor, Maine.

[illegible]

District Court of the United States, District of Maine

IN BANKRUPTCY

In the matter of Benjamin F S Parton, by whom a petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy was filed on the 25th day of February A D 1873, in said Court

DISTRICT OF MAINE, ss. This is to give notice that on the first day of March A D 1873 a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Benjamin F S Parton of Bangor in the County of Penobscot, and State of Maine who has been adjudged a Bankrupt individually and as member of the firm of Parton & Dunn upon his own petition filed the 25th of February, 1873 that the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him or for his use and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law that a meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at Bangor before Charles Hamlin Esq., Register on the 3d day of April, A. D., 1873, at 10 o'clock, A M

S A HEAD, Deputy U S Marshal, as Messenger

mar1

State of Maine

PENOBSCOT, ss.

The undersigned having been appointed by the Supreme Judicial Court, as Receivers for the National Insurance Company of Bangor, all persons having claims against said Company, are notified to present the same for allowance, and all persons indebted to said Company are requested to make immediate payment to us.

SAMUEL F. HUMPHREY, HIRAM RUGGLES, N. H. BILLINGHAM, Receivers.

BANGOR, Nov 16, 1872.

A GREAT DISCOVERY!

ADAMSON'S BOTANIC COUGH BALSAM

ASTHMA CONSUMPTION COLDS CROUP

A B C B A New Discovery.

Sample free to all!

At the Drug Stores

FRIEND

WHY

SUFFERING?

WHEN

$5000 REWARD [illegible]

[illegible]

Opium Calomel or Mineral Poison

[illegible]

$5000 REWARD!!

$1000 REWARD!

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Beware of

Counterfeits!

And Imitations.

[illegible]

F W KINSMAN, Proprietor

[illegible]

GO WEST!

[illegible]

You can save $4 on each Ticket

by the

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

To Canada Detroit, Chicago Saginaw, St. Paul Salt Lake City, Denver, San Francisco and all points

West, Northwest and Southwest!

THE GRAND TRUNK is in splendid running order [illegible] fully supplied with first-class rolling stock [illegible]

CELEBRATED PULLMAN PALACE CARS,

and is making the best connections and quickest time [illegible] Bangor

Baggage checked from Bangor to Chicago and not [illegible]

For further particulars enquire at the old agency,

No 22 West Market Square, Bangor Maine

WM. FLOWERS,

Eastern Agent.

aug21

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS

—AND—

Holloway's Ointment.

The grand principle that operates in these wonderful medicines, is the power that they possess in purifying the turgid blood, and expelling corrupt humors from the system.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS consist of a careful and peculiar admixture of the finest Vegetable Extracts, Herbs and Medicinal Gums, possessing not a grain of mineral in their combination, they never expose those who use them to any danger, at any time or season No mother need hesitate to prescribe them to her children, and the most delicate constitution can use them with as great a benefit as the most vigorous and powerful frame.

HOLLOWAY & CO., Sole Proprietors,

78 Maiden Lane, New York.

Holloway's Pills and Ointment are sold at 25 cts. 62 cents, and $1 per box or pot. A great saving is made by buying the larger sizes.

B F BRADBURY, Agent, Bangor.

may 14, 1872. [illegible]

Manufactory of Jewelry.

The subscriber has secured the services of Mr GEORGE WIGGIN one of the best workmen of gold in this country and is prepared to do all kinds of

MANUFACTURING IN GOLD,

setting Diamonds or other Jewelry, or any other work in that line guaranteeing perfect satisfaction Etruscan Jewelry refinished and made to look as well as new

All kinds of repairing to order

C. SWEET,
15 Hammond St

feb21 [illegible]

OFFICIAL.

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Passed at the Third Session of the Forty-second Congress.

POSTAL CONVENTION between the United States and Newfoundland

The undersigned being thereunto duly authorized by their respective governments have agreed upon the following articles, establishing and regulating the exchange of correspondence between the United States of America and Newfoundland

ARTICLE 1.

There shall be an exchange of mails between the United States of America and Newfoundland by such means of transportation as are now, or may hereafter be established with the approval of the respective Post Departments of the two countries, comprising letters, newspapers, books, printed matter of every kind, and patterns or samples of merchandise originating in either country and addressed to and deliverable in the other country

ARTICLE 2

The post offices of Boston and New York shall be the exchange offices on the side of the United States, and the post office of Saint John's shall be the office of exchange on the side of Newfoundland, for all mails transmitted between the two countries under this arrangement, and all mail matter transmitted in either direction between the respective offices of exchange, shall be forwarded in closed bags or pouches under seal, addressed to the corresponding exchange office Each mail shall be accompanied by a letter or post-bill, showing the [illegible] and the number of letters newspapers and other articles embraced therein, and the postages thereon

ARTICLE 3

No account shall be kept between the Post Departments of the two countries upon the international correspondence, written or printed, exchanged between them, but each Department shall retain to its own use all the postages which it collects thereon

The single rate of international letter-postage [illegible] situation, shall be six cents on each letter not exceeding half an ounce (15 grams) or less and an additional rate of six cents for each additional weight of half an ounce (15 grams) or fraction thereof, the prepayment of which shall be compulsory at the office of mailing in either country

The United States post office shall levy and collect to its own use a postage-charge of two cents on each newspaper mailed in the United States and addressed to Newfoundland, and a postage charge of two cents for each two ounces, or fraction thereof, on pamphlets periodicals books, other articles of printed matter and patterns or samples of merchandise addressed to or received from Newfoundland.

The post office of Newfoundland shall levy and collect to its own use a postage-charge of [illegible] on each new paper mailed in Newfoundland and addressed to the United States and the same [illegible] rates of postage chargeable in Newfoundland on pamphlets periodicals, books, other articles of printed matter, and patterns or samples of merchandise addressed to or received from the United States

Every international letter or newspaper shall be plainly stamped with the words "Paid all" in red ink at the dispatching office of exchange, [illegible] be delivered free of any charge whatever in the country of destination

Newspapers, and all other kinds of printed matter shall be subject to the laws and regulations of each country respectively, in regard to their liability to be rated with letter-postage when containing written matter, or for any other cause specified in said laws and regulations, as well as in regard to their liability to customs duty under the revenue laws

ARTICLE 4

The two Post-Departments shall establish by agreement [illegible] other city with arrangement [illegible] time, the conditions upon which [illegible] may reciprocally exchange in open mails correspondence originating in or destined to other countries to which they may respectively serve as intermediaries

[illegible] party forwarding or receiving such correspondence through the open mails of the other [illegible] account to such other country for such postage [illegible] chargeable thereon, for exterior service, [illegible] laws and regulations, or the requirements of [illegible] postal arrangements

ARTICLE 5.

The two Post Departments may by mutual agreement [illegible] for the transmission of registered [illegible] exchanged between the [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] W MARSHALL, Acting Postmaster General

[illegible] Postmaster General

[illegible]

U S GRANT

[SEAL]

By the President
HAMILTON FISH, Secretary of State
Washington, November 9, 1872

[GENERAL NATURE—No [illegible]]

AN ACT to abolish the franking privilege

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the franking privilege be abolished from and after the first day of July, anno Domini eighteen hundred and seventy three, and that thenceforth all official correspondence, of whatever nature, and other mailable matter sent from or addressed to any officer of the government or person now authorized to frank such matter, shall be chargeable with the same rates of postage as may be lawfully imposed upon like matter sent by or addressed to other persons Provided, That no compensation or allowance shall now or hereafter be made to Senators, Members, and Delegates of the House of Representatives on account of postage.

Approved, January 31, 1873

[GENERAL NATURE—No 23]

AN ACT to regulate the employment of engineers in the revenue-marine service [illegible]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That [illegible] in the army are hereby placed on the same footing [illegible] laws in conflict with this provision [illegible] are hereby repealed

Approved January 1 1873

[GENERAL NATURE—No 8]

AN ACT in general [illegible] and amendatory of an act entitled "An act to prescribe the [illegible] of contested elections," [illegible] approved [illegible] eighteen hundred [illegible]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled That in all contested election cases [illegible] the testimony [illegible]

SEC 2 Depositions of witnesses residing outside of the district and beyond the reach of a subpoena, may be taken before any officer authorized by law to take depositions in contested election cases in the district in which the witness to be examined may reside.

[illegible] that the party desiring to take a deposition under the provisions of this act, shall [illegible] which this is an amendment, shall give the opposite party notice, in writing, of the time and place, when and where, the same will be taken, as well as of the name of the witness or witnesses to be examined, and their places of residence; and such notice shall be served upon the opposite party, or upon any agent or attorney of his authorized by him to take testimony or cross-examine witnesses in the matter of such contest, if, by the use of reasonable diligence such personal service can be made; but if, by the use of such diligence, personal service cannot be made, the service may be made by leaving a duplicate of the notice at the usual place of abode of the opposite party. The notice shall be served so as to allow the opposite party sufficient time by the usual route of travel to attend, and one day for preparation, exclusive of Sundays and the day of service. And the taking of the testimony may, if so stated in the notice be adjourned from day to day. The notice, with proof or acknowledgment of the service thereof, shall be attached to the deposition when completed. The party notified as aforesaid, his agent or attorney, may, if he see fit, select an officer (having authority to take depositions in such cases) to officiate, with the officer named in the notice, in the taking of the depositions, and if both such officers attend the depositions shall be taken before them both sitting together and be certified by them both But if only one of such officers attend, the deposition may be taken before and certified by him alone It shall be competent for the parties, their agents or attorneys authorized to act in the premises by consent in writing, to take depositions without notice, and it shall also be competent for them by such written consent, to take depositions whether any officer without notice, before any officer or officers authorized to take depositions in common law or civil actions, or in chancery, by either the laws of the United States or of the State in which the same may be taken, and to waive proof of the official character of such officer or officers Any written consent given as aforesaid shall be returned with the depositions, and every such officer so chosen by the parties, their agents or attorneys so officiating, shall have all the powers in the premises that are conferred by the act to which this is an amendment upon the officers named therein. At the taking of any deposition under this act, or the act to which this is an amendment, either party may appear and act in person, or by agent or attorney

[GENERAL NATURE—No. 10.]

AN ACT to prevent certain officers of the United States and Territories from practicing as attorneys or solicitors in courts of the United States in certain cases

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That no clerk, assistant, or deputy clerk, of any Territorial, district, or circuit court, or of the Court of Claims, or the Supreme Court of the United States, or marshal or deputy marshal of the United States within the district for which he is appointed, shall act as a solicitor, proctor, attorney, or counsel in any cause depending in either of said courts, or in any district for which he is acting as such officer

SEC. 2. That whoever shall violate any provisions of this act shall be stricken from the roll of attorneys by the court upon complaint, upon which the respondent shall have due notice, and be heard in his defence; and in the case of a marshal or deputy marshal so acting, he shall be recommended by the court for dismissal from office

Approved January 16, 1873.

[GENERAL NATURE—No. 14]

AN ACT regulating the compensation of the legislative assemblies of the several Territories of the United States and limiting the duration of the session of said assemblies.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sessions of the legislative assemblies of the several Territories of the United States shall be limited to forty days' duration

SEC 2. That the members of each branch of said legislatures shall receive a compensation of six dollars per day during the sessions herein provided for, and they shall receive such mileage as now provided by law Provided, That the president of the council and the speaker of the house of representatives shall each receive a compensation of ten dollars per day, and that the additional officers of each branch of said legislative assemblies shall consist of one chief clerk, who shall receive a compensation of eight dollars per day, and of one assistant clerk, one enrolling clerk, one engrossing clerk, one sergeant-at-arms, one door keeper, one messenger and one watchman, who shall each receive a compensation of five dollars per day during the session.

SEC. 3 That from and after the first day of July, eighteen hundred and seventy-three, the annual salaries of the governors of the several Territories of the United States shall be three thousand five hundred dollars, and the salaries of the secretaries of said Territories shall be two thousand five hundred dollars each.

SEC. 4 That the provisions of this act shall not apply to the District of Columbia Provided, That no law of any territorial legislature shall be made or enforced by which any officer of a Territory herein provided for or the officers or members of any territorial legislature, shall be paid any compensation other than that provided by the laws of the United States.

Approved, January 23, 1873

[GENERAL NATURE—No. 16]

AN ACT to amend an act entitled "An act to amend the fifth section of an act entitled 'An act donating public lands to the several States and Territories which may provide colleges for the benefit of agriculture and the mechanic arts,' approved July second, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, so as to extend the time within which the provisions of said act shall be accepted and such colleges established," approved July twenty-third, eighteen hundred and sixty-six,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the time within which the several States may comply with the provisions of the act of July twenty-third, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, entitled "An act to amend the fifth section of an act entitled 'An act donating public lands to the several States and Territories which may provide colleges for the benefit of agriculture and the mechanic arts,' approved July second, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, so as to extend the time within which the provisions of said act shall be accepted and such colleges established," is hereby extended so that the States which have not complied with the provisions of said acts in establishing colleges shall have the period of two years, after the first day of July, eighteen hundred and seventy-two within which to provide at least one college, as described in the fourth section of an act entitled "An act donating public lands to the several States and Territories which may provide colleges for the benefit of agriculture and the mechanic arts," approved July second, eighteen hundred and sixty-two

Approved, January 23, 1873

[GENERAL NATURE—No 17]

AN ACT to amend an act entitled "An act to incorporate a national military and naval asylum for the relief of the totally disabled officers and men of the volunteer forces of the United States," approved March twenty one eighteen hundred and sixty-five and for other purposes

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the said act be so amended where the word "asylum" occurs therein the word "home" shall be inserted instead thereof

SEC 2 That the act approved March twenty second, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, entitled "An act for the relief of maimed and destitute soldiers," shall be construed to extend to all soldiers who have been or are in the national asylum, so as to give to each one a suit of clothing, or its equivalent in clothing, from the stock on hand in the Quartermaster's department, and that Frederick Smythe of New Hampshire, Benjamin F Butler, of Massachusetts and Thomas O Osborn, of Illinois, shall be managers of said corporation

Approved, January 23, 1873.

[GENERAL NATURE—No 19]

AN ACT transferring the control of certain territorial penitentiaries to the several Territories in which the same are located.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That so much of the act entitled "An act in relation to certain territorial penitentiaries," approved January tenth eighteen hundred and seventy-one, placing the penitentiaries in the Territories of Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, and Colorado under the care and control of the respective United States marshals for said Territories, is hereby repealed, and the care and custody of said penitentiaries, and the personal property thereunto belonging, and the use and occupation thereof are hereby transferred to said Territories, respectively, until otherwise ordered by the Attorney General Provided, That the legal title to said penitentiaries and property shall continue to vest in the United States, And provided further, That said Territories shall keep and maintain in the penitentiaries hereby transferred to their custody and control, all persons convicted in said respective Territories of violation of the laws of the United States, and sentenced to imprisonment therein, and all persons held to answer for alleged violations of the laws of the United States in said respective Territories, at the rate and price, to be paid by the United States out of the judiciary fund, of one dollar per day for each person so imprisoned

SEC. 2. That immediately after the passage of this act the Attorney General of the United States shall cause to be transferred to the proper authorities of the Territories of Montana, Idaho, Wyoming and Colorado, the penitentiaries and personal property connected therewith situated in each of said Territories, respectively

Approved January 24, 1873

[GENERAL NATURE—No 20.]

AN ACT to fix the time for holding the annual session of the Supreme Court of the United States, and for other purposes

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the passage of this act the annual session of the Supreme Court of the United States shall commence on the second Monday of October in each year, and all actions, suits, appeals, recognizances, processes writs, and proceedings, whatever, pending or which may be pending in said court, or returnable thereto, shall have day therein, and be heard, tried, proceeded with, and decided, in like manner as if the time of holding said sessions had not been hereby altered

Approved, January 24, 1873.

[RESOLUTION OF GENERAL NATURE]

JOINT RESOLUTION tendering the thanks of Congress to Captain David Ritchie, commanding the revenue steamer "Moccasin," and the officers and men under his command.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled That the thanks of Congress are due, and are hereby tendered, to Captain David Ritchie, commanding the revenue steamer "Moccasin," and to his officers and men under his command, for their heroic and humane action in saving the lives of forty-two human beings, and rescuing seventeen bodies from the wreck of the steamer "Metis," on the waters of Long Island sound, on the morning of the thirty-first of August, eighteen hundred and seventy two

Approved, January 24, 1873

SECOND ADDITIONAL CONVENTION to the Convention relative to the amelioration of the Postal Intercourse concluded between the United States of America and the Swiss Confederation, signed at Berne October 11, 1867.

The opportunity being offered to the postal administrations of the United States of America and of Switzerland, to introduce an exchange of closed mails via Bremen or Hamburg at lower transit rates than those now in force by the British-Belgian route the governments of the United States of America and of Switzerland have resolved to open the new routes above mentioned to the correspondence of the two countries under the following conditions

ARTICLE 1.

The letters from the United States of America for Switzerland, and vice versa, which the senders may desire to have transmitted via Bremen or Hamburg, shall be chargeable with the following rates

1st Eight cents per single rate for letters originating in the United States

2d Forty centimes per single rate for letters originating in Switzerland

For letters unpaid or insufficiently paid, are reserved the extra charges provided by Article 7 of the convention of October 11 1867.

ARTICLE 2.

All letters from the United States of America for Switzerland, and vice versa, for which the senders shall not have requested transmission via Bremen or Hamburg, [or in open mails via France,] shall continue to be sent in closed mails by the British-Belgian route, and subjected to the rates fixed by Article 1 of the additional convention of February 7, 1870

ARTICLE 3.

In case future abatements in transit expenses admit of a reduction in the present rates of letters exchanged between the United States and Switzerland, the postal administrations of the two contracting countries are authorized to fix, by common accord, the respective reduced rates and to take the necessary measures to place them to the profit of the public of the two countries.

ARTICLE 4.

The present convention, which shall be considered as a second supplement to the convention of October 11, 1867, shall enter into operation July 1, 1872

Done in duplicate and signed in Washington the sixth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, and in Berne the thirty-first day of May, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

[SEAL] JNO. A. J. CRESWELL, Postmaster General of the United States.

The Federal Department of Posts and Telegraphs

[SEAL] F. CHALLET VENEL.

I hereby approve the aforegoing convention, and in testimony thereof I have caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

U S GRANT

By the President,
HAMILTON FISH, Secretary of State

WASHINGTON, May 6th, 1872

[SEAL]

[Translation]

The Federal Council of the Swiss Confederation makes known by these presents

That it has approved and consented to the above convention In faith of which the present have been signed by the President and the Chancellor of the Swiss Confederation, and sealed with the seal of the Federal Council, at Berne, the tenth of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventy two

In the name of the Swiss Federal Council

The President of the Confederation,
WELTI.

[SEAL] The Chancellor of the Confederation
SCHIESS.

[GENERAL NATURE—No 2.]

AN ACT authorizing the construction of railroad bridges across the Mobile river and other navigable streams tributary to Mobile bay, in accordance with the acts of the legislature of the State of Alabama, and to establish them as post-roads.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress be, and the same is hereby, given to the Mobile and Montgomery Railroad Company to erect one or more draw-bridges over the Mobile river and other navigable streams tributary to Mobile bay, in accordance with the acts of the legislature of Alabama, [illegible] beyond what is necessary in order to carry into effect the rights and privileges hereby granted, and in case of any litigation arising from any obstruction, or alleged obstruction to the free navigation of said river, the cause may be tried before the district court of the United States of the State of Alabama in which any portion of said obstruction or bridges touches And provided also That said draw-bridges shall be opened promptly, upon reasonable signal, for the passage of boats, and in no case shall unnecessary delay occur in opening the said draw during or after the passage of trains.

Detailed Regulations arranged between the Post-office Department of the United States of America and the Post-office Department of Denmark, for the Execution of the Postal Convention signed at Washington the 1st day of December, 1871, and at Copenhagen the 7th day of November, 1871

ARTICLE I.

The offices for the exchange of the mails shall be On the part of the United States, (1) New York, (2) Chicago On the part of Denmark (1) Copenhagen; [2] the travelling office between Korsoer and Kiel.

The exchange offices of New York and Chicago shall make up closed mails for the exchange offices of (1) Copenhagen, (2) the travelling office between Korsoer and Kiel, and these Danish offices shall make up closed mails for New York and Chicago

Each mail exchanged between the two administrations shall be accompanied with a letter-bill, showing the postages, &c, accruing to each office upon the different kinds of correspondence. The form of this letter-bill shall follow the models A and B, hereto annexed, and shall consecutively, be numbered by the despatching office during each calendar year.

The receiving office shall acknowledge its receipt by the next dispatch

ARTICLE III.

The exchange offices shall divide the correspondence which they dispatch into a suitable number of separate packages, according to the letter bill. Each of these packages shall bear the proper etiquette and number corresponding to the letter-bill

ARTICLE IV.

When more than a single rate is chargeable upon any letter or other article, the number of rates to which it is subject shall be indicated by the dispatching office by a figure in the upper left corner of the address,

ARTICLE V.

Registered correspondence shall be described in a register-list, following the models C and D, hereto annexed

All registered letters shall be enveloped together in a strong paper securely fastened, and the packet inscribed with the words "Registered" or "Recommanderet," and placed in the mail

The blank in the letter-bill for expressing the number of registered articles shall be filled by letters and figures expressing the number.

In case no registered articles are sent, the proper blank of the letter-bill shall be filled with the word "none" or "nul."

ARTICLE VI.

The registered letters dispatched shall be acknowledged immediately by the receiving office If the verification by the receiving office shall disclose an error of any kind in the register-list, it shall be also by the first mail notified to the dispatching office

ARTICLE VII

All letters exchanged between the two offices shall indicate, by stamp or writing thereon, the office of origin, and the unpaid letters so exchanged shall also be stamped with the name of the dispatching office of exchange

Correspondence fully paid to destination will be stamped "Paid all," in the United States, and "Franco" in Denmark.

Registered articles shall be stamped "Registered," in the United States, and "Recommanderet" in Denmark. Correspondence insufficiently paid shall be stamped "Insufficiently paid" in the United States, and "Utilstrækkelig frankeret," in Denmark and the amount of the deficient postage expressed in figures in the face

Correspondence dispatched by the direct line between the respective countries shall be stamped "Direct Service" or "Service Direct"

When dispatched via Germany, it shall be stamped to indicate German transit

ARTICLE VIII.

The two post departments are mutually to furnish each other with lists stating the foreign countries to which the foreign postage, and the amount thereof must be absolutely prepaid, or can be left unpaid, and until such lists are furnished, neither country is to mail to the other any correspondence for foreign countries in transit through the country to which the mail is sent

Such lists shall also indicate the foreign countries with which registered correspondence may be exchanged in the open mails, between the respective offices and the conditions thereof

ARTICLE IX.

The respective exchange offices shall mark in red ink, in the upper left corner of the address, all prepaid letters sent for transit in the open mail, the amount of the postage due for exterior service to the country through which the same are forwarded, and in the same manner, but in black ink, shall mark the amount due for postage to the forwarding office upon the unpaid letters so sent in transit

ARTICLE X.

Letters originating in or destined for foreign countries sent in the open mails through the United States or through Denmark and which are insufficiently paid, shall be transmitted as wholly unpaid and no account taken between the two administrations of the amount prepaid, but letters and other correspondence originating in foreign countries, and addressed to the United States or to Denmark, respectively, on which the foreign and other exterior postage charges are fully prepaid shall, when forwarded through the mails of either country to the other, be delivered in the country of destination free of charge

ARTICLE XI.

The letters and all registered articles mutually returned as not deliverable shall be accompanied by a statement exhibiting the number of ordinary letters and the number of addresses of the registered articles so returned, and the aggregate amount claimed thereon from the dispatching office, which statement shall be verified and acknowledged as early as practicable

The expense of transit of unpaid correspondence which has been transmitted by either administration in closed mails, and which shall be returned to the dispatching office as not deliverable shall be deducted from the original amount charged for transit, upon a declaration of the amount by the office claiming the reduction.

No charge will be made by either administration for the transit of correspondence returned as not deliverable.

ARTICLE XII.

All correspondence wrongly addressed or missent shall be returned without delay by the receiving office to the exchange office which dispatched it. The receiving office shall also correct accordingly, in the column of verification, the original entries of the letter-bill relating to such correspondence The articles of a like nature addressed to persons who have changed their residence shall be mutually forwarded, charged with the rate that would have been paid at the first destination or returned for the amount, if any, originally charged against the receiving office

ARTICLE XIII.

The dispatching exchange office shall state on the letter bills to the intermediate exchange offices the exact number of single rates of letters, or weight, if required, and the total weight of the other correspondence, which shall be dispatched in closed mails

ARTICLE XIV.

It is understood that the accounts between the two offices shall be established on the respective letter-bills in the proper money of the dispatching office, but the international postages on the unpaid and insufficiently paid letters shall be computed in the money of the receiving country. In converting the foreign charges on the letter bill in the money of the dispatching office the cent of the United States and 1 4 5 skilling of Denmark shall be taken as equivalents

ARTICLE XV.

The quarterly accounts shall be prepared by the respective postal administrations, and shall be based upon the acknowledgements of receipt. A recapitulation of these accounts, showing the definitive results alike for the debt and credit, shall be prepared by the United States office and shall then be transmitted, with the accounts on which it is based, for the examination of the post office of Denmark.

ARTICLE XVI

It is understood that so long as no accounts are kept between the Post-office departments of the two countries of the international postages on the correspondence exchanged between them, so much of the preceding articles as relates to the preparation and adjustment of the postal accounts shall not be taken to include or comprise the international postage in such adjustment

The forms for accounting such postages shall be arranged by mutual agreement whenever either office shall claim accounts of the international postages, to be kept and settled as provided in article IX of the convention. But the amounts of postage or other tax for exterior service accruing to, or claimed by, either department as well as any sum or sums advanced by one country for and on account of the other, shall, nevertheless, be stated and settled quarterly in the manner hereinbefore prescribed

ARTICLE XVII

These detailed regulations shall be ratified on the part of the United States by the Postmaster General, and on the part of Denmark by the Royal Director-General of Posts.

Done at Copenhagen, in duplicate original this 7th day of November, 1871, and at Washington this 1st day of December, 1871.

[SEAL.] JNO. A. J. CRESWELL, Postmaster-General.

[SEAL] DANNESKJOLD SAMSOE.

By the President of the United States of America

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS, pursuant to the first section of the act of Congress approved the eleventh of June, one thousand eight hundred and sixty four, entitled "An act to provide for the execution of treaties between the United States and foreign nations respecting consular jurisdiction over the crews of vessels of such foreign nations in the waters and ports of the United States," it is provided that before that act shall take effect as to the ships and vessels of any particular nation having such treaty with the United States, the President of the United States shall have been satisfied that similar provisions have been made for the execution of such treaty by the other contracting party and shall have issued his proclamation to that effect, declaring that act to be in force as to such nation.

And whereas due inquiry having been made, and a satisfactory answer having been received that similar provisions are in force in the United Kingdoms of Sweden and Norway.

Now, therefore, be it known that I, ULYSSES S. GRANT, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the same accordingly.

Done at the city of Washington this eleventh day of May, in the year of our Lord one [SEAL] thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, and of the Independence of the United States of America the ninety sixth

U. S GRANT.

By the President
HAMILTON FISH, Secretary of State.

[RESOLUTION OF GENERAL NATURE—No 1.]

JOINT RESOLUTION providing for a more effective system of quarantine on the Southern and Gulf coasts.

Whereas experience has proved that the present system of quarantine on the southern and gulf coasts is insufficient to prevent the ravages of yellow fever in the cities and towns of that section, Therefore,

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and is hereby, directed to detail one or more medical officers of the regular army, who shall during the coming season, visit each town or port on the coast of the Gulf of Mexico and the Atlantic coast, which is subject or liable to invasions of yellow fever, and shall confer with the authorities of such port or town, with reference to the establishment of a more uniform and effective system of quarantine, and who shall ascertain all facts having reference to the outbreaks of this disease in such ports or towns, and whether any system of quarantine is likely to be effective in preventing invasions of yellow fever, and, if so, what system will least interfere with the interests of commerce of said ports; and shall make also a detailed report on the subject to the Secretary of War, [illegible] before the beginning of the third session of the Forty-second Congress, in December, eighteen hundred and seventy-two.

Approved, June 6, 1872

By the President of the United States of America

WHEREAS the act of Congress approved June 25th, 1868, constituted, on and after that date, eight hours a day's work for all laborers, workmen and mechanics employed by or on behalf of the government of the United States,

And whereas on the nineteenth day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty nine, by executive proclamation, it was directed that from and after that date no reduction should be made in the wages paid by the government by the day to such laborers, workmen, and mechanics on account of such reduction of the hours of labor,

And whereas it is now represented to me that the act of Congress and the proclamation aforesaid have not been strictly observed by all officers of the government having charge of such laborers, workmen and mechanics

Now, therefore, I, ULYSSES S GRANT, President of the United States, do hereby again call attention to the act of Congress aforesaid, and direct all officers of the executive department of the government having charge of the employment of laborers workmen, or mechanics employed by or on behalf of the government of the United States to make no reduction in the wages paid by the government by the day to such laborers, workmen, and mechanics on account of the reduction of the hours of labor

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed

Done at the city of Washington this eleventh day of May, in the year of our Lord [SEAL] one thousand eight hundred and seventy two, and of the Independence of the United States of America the ninety-sixth

U. S. GRANT.

By the President
HAMILTON FISH, Secretary of State

By the President of the United States of America

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the act of Congress, approved May 22 1872, removes all political disabilities imposed by the third section of the fourteenth article of amendments to the Constitution of the United States from all persons whomsoever, except Senators and Representatives of the Thirty-sixth and Thirty seventh Congresses and officers in the judicial, military, and naval service of the United States, heads of departments, and foreign ministers of the United States, and whereas, it is represented to me that there are now pending in the several circuit and district courts of the United States proceedings by quo warranto, under the fourteenth section of the act of Congress approved May 31, 1870, to remove from office certain persons who are alleged to hold said offices in violation of the provisions of said article of amendment to the Constitution of the United States, and also penal prosecutions against such persons under the fifteenth section of the act of Congress aforesaid

Now therefore, I, ULYSSES S GRANT, President of the United States, do hereby direct all district attorneys having charge of such proceedings and prosecutions to dismiss and discontinue the same, except as to persons who may be embraced in the exceptions named in the act of Congress first above cited

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington, this first day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand [SEAL] eight hundred and seventy two, and of the Independence of the United States of America the ninety sixth

U S GRANT.

By the President
HAMILTON FISH Secretary of State

[GENERAL NATURE—No 129]

AN ACT for the better security of bank reserves and to facilitate bank clearing house exchanges

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to receive United States notes on deposit without interest, from national banking associations, in sums not less than ten thousand dollars, and to issue certificates therefor in such form as the Secretary may prescribe, in denominations of not less than five thousand dollars which certificates shall be payable on demand in United States notes, at the place where the deposits were made

SEC 2 That the United States notes so deposited in the treasury of the United States shall not be counted as part of the legal reserve, but the certificates issued therefor may be held and counted by national banks as part of their legal reserve, and may be accepted in the settlement of clearing-house balances at the places where the deposits therefor were made

SEC 3 That nothing contained in this act shall be construed to authorize any expansion or contraction of the currency, and the United States notes for which such certificates are issued, or other United States notes of like amount, shall be held as special deposits in the treasury, and used only for the redemption of such certificates

Approved, June 8, 1872.

[GENERAL NATURE—No. 11.]

AN ACT for the restoration to market of certain lands in Michigan

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all the lands remaining unsold [illegible] of Michigan by the treaty of July thirty first eighteen hundred and fifty-five, shall be restored to market by proper notice, under direction of the Secretary of the Interior, as hereinafter provided.

SEC 2 That said unoccupied lands shall be open to homestead entry for six months from the passage of this act by Indians only, of said tribes [illegible]

[illegible]

SEC 4 That all selections by Indians heretofore made and regularly reported [illegible]

SEC 5 That immediately after the expiration of said six months the Secretary shall proceed to restore [illegible] to market [illegible] any grant of lands for public works or improvements or by any railroad company.

Approved June 10, 1872

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, SS

JAMES HARITY of Bangor in Penobscot County, plaintiff vs FRANKLIN MEAD of Massachusetts, defendant

In a plea of the case, for that the said defendant at said Bangor on the day of the purchase of this writ, being indebted to the plaintiff in the sum of one hundred and eighty eight dollars, according to account annexed, then and there, in consideration thereof promised the plaintiff to pay him that sum on demand

Also, for that the said defendant at said Bangor, on the day of the purchase of this writ being indebted to the plaintiff in an other sum of three hundred dollars, for so much money before that time had and received by the defendant to the plaintiff's use, in consideration thereof, promised the plaintiff to pay him the sum on demand

Yet though often requested said defendant has not paid said sum, but neglects so to do to the damage of plaintiff as he says, the sum of three hundred dollars

Writ dated December fourteenth, A D, 1872

Personal property attached on writ December 23d A D 1872, by J H Wilson, Sheriff

STATE OF MAINE.

PENOBSCOT ss Supreme Judicial Court, February Term, 1873.

JAMES HARITY vs. FRANKLIN MEAD

And now the Court order that the plaintiff give notice to the said defendant of the pendency of said suit, by publishing an abstract of the writ in said action with the Officer's Return and this order of Court thereon, three weeks successively in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier a paper published in Bangor in said County, the last publication to be thirty days, at least, before the next term of said Court to be holden at Bangor in and for said county on the first Tuesday of April next, that he may then and there appear, in our said Court, and answer to said suit, if he see fit.

Attest—E. C. BRETT, Clerk

A true abstract of the writ, officer's return, and order of Court thereon

Attest—E C BRETT, Clerk

feb 5 3w

State of Maine

PENOBSCOT, ss

JOSHUA L KENT of Bangor, in Penobscot county, Plaintiff, vs. FRANKLIN MEAD, of Massachusetts

In a plea of the case, for that the said defendant, at said Bangor, on the day of the purchase of this writ being indebted to the plaintiff in the sum of two hundred and twenty-five dollars, according to the account annexed, then and there, in consideration thereof, promised the plaintiff to pay him that sum on demand.

Also, for that the said defendant, at said Bangor, on the day of the purchase of this writ, being indebted to the plaintiff in another sum of four hundred dollars, for so much money before that time had and received by the defendant to the plaintiff's use, in consideration thereof promised the plaintiff to pay him that sum on demand

Yet though often requested, said defendant has not paid said sum but refuses so to do, to the damage of the plaintiff, as he says, in the sum of four hundred dollars.

Writ dated December 13th, 1872.

Personal property attached on the writ December 23, 1872, by J. H. Wilson, Sheriff.

STATE OF MAINE.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Supreme Judicial Court, January Term, 1873.

JOSHUA L. KENT, vs. FRANKLIN MEAD

And now the Court order that the plaintiff give notice to the said defendant of the pendency of said suit, by publishing an abstract of the writ in said action, with the Officer's Return and this order of Court thereon, three weeks successively in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier, a paper published in Bangor, in said County, the last publication to be thirty days, at least, before the next term of said Court, to be holden at Bangor, in and for said county on the first Tuesday of April next, that he may then and there appear, in our said Court, and answer to said suit if he see fit.

Attest—E. C. BRETT, Clerk

A true abstract of the writ, officer's return, and order of Court thereon

Attest—E C BRETT, Clerk

feb15 3w

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Maine

In the matter of HANNIBAL G COBURN, Bankrupt

IN BANKRUPTCY.

DISTRICT OF MAINE, ss., At Lincoln, the 4th day of March A D 1873 The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Hannibal G Coburn of Lincoln, in the county of Penobscot, and State of Maine, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon petition of his creditors, by the District Court of said District, filed 13th day of January, 1873.

WM. O. CLARK, Lincoln, Assignee.

mar6 eThlw3w110

CONVENTION between the United States and the German Empire Respecting Consuls and Trade-marks Signed December 11, 1871 Exchanged April 29, 1872 Proclaimed June 1, 1872

By the President of the United States of America

A PROCLAMATION

Whereas a convention between the United States of America and the German Empire relating to the rights, privileges, immunities and duties of consuls and to the protection of trade-marks was signed at Berlin on the eleventh day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one by their respective plenipotentiaries

And whereas a protocol thereto was signed by the said plenipotentiaries on the twenty-ninth day of April last which convention and protocol, in the English and German languages are, word for word as follows

The President of the United States of America and his Majesty the Emperor of Germany King of Prussia, in the name of the German Empire led by the wish to define the rights, privileges, immunities, and duties of the respective consular agents have agreed upon the conclusion of a consular convention and for that purpose have appointed their plenipotentiaries, namely

The President of the United States of America, George Bancroft, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the said States near his Majesty the Emperor of Germany his Majesty the Emperor of Germany, King of Prussia, Bernhard Konig, his Privy Councillor of Legation, who have agreed to and signed the following articles

ARTICLE I

Each of the contracting parties agrees to receive from the other consuls general consuls vice-consuls and consular agents in all its ports cities and places except those where it may not be convenient to recognize such officers. [illegible]

ARTICLE II

[illegible]

ARTICLE III

[illegible]

ARTICLE IV

[illegible]

ARTICLE V

[illegible]

ARTICLE VI

[illegible]

ARTICLE VII

[illegible]

ARTICLE IX

[illegible]

ARTICLE X

[illegible]

ARTICLE XI

[illegible]

ARTICLE XII.

Consuls general consuls vice consuls and consular agents shall be at liberty to go on board [illegible] of their nation [illegible] to examine the officers and crews to examine the ship's papers to receive declarations concerning the voyage their destination and the incidents of the voyage, also to draw up manifests and [illegible] the entry and clearance of their vessels and [illegible] to accompany the said officers or crews before the judicial or administrative authorities of the country, to assist them as their interpreters or agents

The judicial authorities and custom house officials shall in no case proceed to the examination or search of merchant-vessels without having given previous notice to the consular officers of the nation to which the said vessels belong in order to enable the said consular officers to be present

They shall also give due notice to the said consular officers in order to enable them to be present at any depositions or statements to be made in courts of law or before local magistrates by officers or persons belonging to the crew, thus to prevent errors or false interpretations which might impede the correct administration of justice The notice to be given to vice consuls, or consular agents shall name the hour fixed for such proceedings Upon the non appearance of the said officers or their representatives the case may be proceeded with in their absence

ARTICLE XIII.

[illegible] consuls, vice consul or consular agents shall have exclusive charge of the internal order of the merchant vessels of their nation and shall have the exclusive power to take cognizance of and to determine differences of every kind which may arise [illegible] between the captains officers and crews and specially in reference to wages and the execution of mutual contracts Neither any court or authority shall on any pretext interfere in these differences except in cases where the differences on board ship are of a nature to disturb the peace and public order in port or on shore or when persons other than the officers and crew of the vessel are parties to the disturbance

Except as aforesaid the local authorities shall confine themselves to the rendering of efficient aid to the consuls, when they may ask it in order to arrest and hold all persons, whose names are borne on the ship's articles and whom they may deem it necessary to detain Those persons shall be arrested at the sole request of the consuls addressed in writing to the local authorities and supported by an official extract from the register of the ship or the list of the crew and shall be held during the whole time of their stay in the port at the disposal of the consuls Their release shall be granted only at the request of the consuls made in writing

[illegible] of the arrest and detention of [illegible] shall be paid by the consuls.

ARTICLE XIV

Consuls general consuls vice consuls [illegible] agents may arrest the officers sailors, and [illegible] forming part of the crews of ships of war or merchant vessels of their nation who may be guilty or be accused of having deserted said ships and vessels for the purpose of sending them on board or back to their country.

To that end, the consuls of Germany in the United States shall apply to either the federal State or municipal courts or authorities, and the consuls of the United States in Germany shall apply to any of the competent authorities and make a request in writing for the deserter supporting it by an official extract of the register of the vessel and the list of the crew, or by other official documents, to show that the men whom they claim belong to said crew Upon such request alone thus supported and without the exaction of any oath from the consuls, the deserter (not being citizens of the country where the demand is made either at the time of their shipping or of their arrival in the port) shall be given up to the consuls All aid and protection shall be furnished them for the pursuit seizure and arrest of the deserters who shall be taken to the prisons of the country and there detained at the request and at the expense of the consuls, until the said consuls may find an opportunity of sending them away

If however, such opportunity should not present itself within the space of three months counting from the day of the arrest the deserters shall be set at liberty and shall not again be arrested for the same cause

ARTICLE XV

In the absence of an agreement to the contrary [illegible] the owners freighters and insurers all damages suffered at sea by the vessels of the two countries whether they enter port voluntarily or are forced by stress of weather, shall be settled by the consuls general consuls vice consuls and consular agents of the respective countries If however any inhabitant of the country, or citizen or subject of a third power shall be interested in the matter and the parties cannot agree the competent local authorities shall decide

ARTICLE XVI

In the event of a vessel belonging to the government or owned by a citizen of one of the two contracting parties being wrecked or cast on shore on the coast of the other the local authorities shall inform the consul general consul vice-consul, or consular agent of the district of the occurrence, or if there be no such consular agency, they shall inform the consul general, consul, vice-consul or consular agent of the nearest district

All proceedings relative to the salvage of American vessels wrecked or cast on shore in the territorial waters of the German Empire shall take place in accordance with the laws of Germany and reciprocally all measures of salvage relative to German vessels wrecked or cast on shore in the territorial waters of the United States shall take place in accordance with the laws of the United States

The consular authorities have in both countries to intervene only to superintend the proceedings having reference to the repair and revictualing or if necessary, to the sale of the vessel wrecked or cast on shore

For the intervention of the local authorities no charges shall be made except such as in similar cases are paid by vessels of the nation

In case of a doubt concerning the nationality of a shipwrecked vessel, the local authorities shall have exclusively the direction of the proceedings provided for in this article

All merchandise and goods not destined for consumption in the country where the wreck [illegible] free of all duties.

[illegible]

Portland [illegible]

[illegible]

Prince [illegible]

[illegible]

April 22

RA'L ROAD TICKETS

PASSENGERS [illegible] obtain Tickets [illegible] for the

LAKE SHORE AND MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

[illegible]

jan16

[illegible]

SAMUEL [illegible]

By PETERS & WILSON

feb5